THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.
PUBLISHED BY
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
AT GAZETTE BUILDING,
No. 86 Fifth Street.
F. R. PENNIMAN, T. P. HOUSTON, } Editors.
JOSIAH KING, NELSON P. REED, } Business Manag'rs.
TERMS:
Single Copies ..... 2 cents.
Delivered by carrier, (per week) ..... 15 cents.
Mail subscribers, (per year) ..... $8.00.
Liberal reductions to Newsboys and Agents.
TERMS FOR WEEKLY:
Three Copies, per year, by mail $1 50
Five do. do. do. each 1 25
Ten or more copies, to one address, and one free to club, each 1 15

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK.

FROM EUROPE.

The French Army Scheme.

POLITICAL CRISIS IN SPAIN.

Honors to Captain Erricson.

FENIANS IMPRISONED FOR LIFE.

The Great Derby Race.

REPAIRS TO THE BROKEN CABLE.

Financial and Commercial

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

FENIAN PRISONERS SENTENCED.

LONDON, May 22.—Flood and Duffy, the Fenians recently convicted at Dublin, have been sentenced to imprisonment for life at hard labor. McClure, another Fenian prisoner, was placed on trial at Cork to-day.

THE DERBY RACE.

LONDON, May 22—*Evening.*—The Derby race took place to-day. Although the weather was unfavorable, there was an immense assemblage. The race was won by Hermit, in a snow storm.

MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT DEAD.

Hon. Mr. Stanfield, member of Parliament, and a firm friend of the United States during the rebellion, is dead.

THE BROKEN CABLE.

LONDON, May 22.—Mr. Stewart, the chairman of the board of directors of the Anglo-American Telegraph Company, publishes another communication in the *Times*. He says the broken cable will be repaired and ready for business in three weeks from this day.

FRANCE.

ARMY BILL DIFFICULTY.

PARIS, May 22.—The differences between Emperor Napoleon and the Corps Legislatif, in regard to the army organization scheme, have been adjusted.

SPAIN.

INTERNAL TROUBLES INCREASING.

LONDON, May 22.—*Evening.*—Accounts from Madrid show that the internal troubles of Spain are increasing, and fears were entertained that a political crisis was at hand.

SWEDEN.

HONORS TO CAPTAIN ERRICSON.

STOCKHOLM, May 22.—The Swedish Parliament have passed resolutions in honor of Captain Erricson.

AUSTRIA.

SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

VIENNA, May 22—*Evening.*—The Emperor made a speech from the throne to the Austrian Diet.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON May 22—*Noon.*—Consols 93, Erie 42¾, Illinois 76¾, United States Bonds 72¾.

LONDON, May 22—*Evening.*—United States Bonds 72¾. Illinois 76¾.

LIVERPOOL, May 22—Cotton tends downwards. Uplands 11.

LIVERPOOL, May 22—2 P. M.—Cotton steady and prices firm. Breadstuffs generally quiet. Corn declined 3d.

The ship Surprise sailed to-day for San Francisco.

LONDON, May 22.—Consols steady at 93. Five-twenties, 72½; Illinois Central 76½; Erie 42¾.

LIVERPOOL, May 22—*Evening.*—Cotton closed quiet; for middling uplands 11; Orleans 11⅝; sales of 1000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet during the day—Corn closed with a declining tendency; the last sales were mixed Western at 28s 6d. Wheat, Barley and Oats unchanged. Provisions closed quiet; quotations generally unchanged. Common Winnington rosin firm 7s 7½d. per cwt.

LONDON, May 22—*Evening.*—Wheat unchanged.

FRANKFORT, May 22.—U. S. Bonds, 77¾.

ANTWERP, May 22.—Petroleum 42 francs 50 centimes.

FROM NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 22, 1867.

DISEASES TO BE REPORTED.

The Board of Health are required hereafter to report all cases of infectious, contagious or pestilential diseases.

THE ODD FELLOWSHIP'S ORGANIZATION.

An adjourned meeting of the Protectionists was held to-day, and the organization of the American Industrial League perfected. Peter Cooper, President; several Vice Presidents and Treasurers, and an Executive Council of gentlemen from all sections.

WHISKY MANUFACTURERS' PANIC.

The determined action of the Revenue officers in seizing distilleries, has resulted in a general panic among the manufacturers of whisky. It is estimated that not more than six distilleries are now in operation, and these are under surveillance. It is reported to-day that an order has been received from Commissioner Rollins, directing the seizure of all unbranded whisky, wherever found.

THE JEROME PARK RACES

Were postponed until to-morrow, on account of the storm.

SOLD AT AUCTION.

The large warehouse at the Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, purchased by the Government, was sold at auction to-day for $23,000.

EX-CONFEDERATE ARRIVED.

John N. Moffit, Ex-Confederate Commander, arrived in the city from Rio to-day.

GREELY AND THE UNION LEAGUE.

Horace Greely has written a sharp letter to the Union League, in reply to their call for a special meeting to consider the question of his having become a bondsman for Jeff Davis. He arraigns them as narrow minded block heads, who would like to be useful to a great and good cause, but dont know how and, dares them to a square stand up fight.

ARRIVED.

The steamer Atlantic, from Southampton on the 9th, has arrived.

FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

Emancipation of Slaves in Brazil—Peace with Paraguay.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 22.—The steamer Merrimac, from Rio Janeiro, April 21st, has arrived.

The *Diardio Official*, of the 11th of April, in reply to an article of the *Diario Dara*, asserting that the bill respecting the emancipation of the slaves, which the Government is to lay before the coming Assembly, deples this is the case, although the Government has the subject of emancipation under consideration.

Advices from the scene of strife state no change in the position of the belligerents. The allied batteries and vessels continued every day to throw shell into the Paraguayan works. The enemy made slight response, and only occasionally came in collision. Careful watch is kept over the Paraguayan movements, to prevent them advancing their batteries in any direction. The large redoubts at Curea are finished, and this fortified post could be held by one thousand men, with the assistance of a squadron, in case of an attack by the Paraguayans of Curapity.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22.—The furniture establishment of Pearce & Co., California street, was partially destroyed by fire last night. Loss $50,000, insured.

A telegram from Unionville, Nevada, says there is much excitement about rich discoveries in the gold mining district. The lodes are large and well defined.

The Indians of Idahoare driving off stock and shooting settlers in every direction. The settlers are generally well armed.

General Crook left Camp McDermott for a twenty days' scout about the first of the month.

Parties are leaving the Ooys country for Lemhi district.

Arrived—Whistler, from New York.

Jeff. Davis' Summer Residence.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MONTREAL, May 22.—It is said Jeff. Davis, who is here, has purchased the McGiverin estate, at St. Catharine, for a summer residence.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXII.—NO. 121. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

FROM NEW YORK.

General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church.

[Special correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 21, 1867.

Synod resumed business on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. After the usual formalities were gone through, the Committee on Intemperance and Sabbath breaking presented the following report, which was adopted:

Whereas, Intemperance and Sabbath desecration are not only hurtful to the individual, the family, and the State, but also dishonoring to God and in violation of his holy law, it is important that earnest attention be given to these evils by the church, and proper remedies applied; and,

Whereas, the Church, by continued neglect of discipline, where discipline is required, and by failure to declare authoritatively on these great moral questions, would lie under a reproach before the world; therefore,

Resolved, That this synod urge upon all under its authority to abstain not only from the habitual use of intoxicating drinks and from all encouragement of others in their use, but to avoid even the appearance of evil.

Resolved, That ministers be urged to present the subject faithfully from their pulpits, and all Church members to co-operate with others in every proper effort to advance the cause of temperance.

Resolved, That the Synod commend to Sabbath School teachers the importance of impressing upon the young the advantage of total abstinence from all intoxicating liquors as a beverage.

Resolved, That those who conduct religious periodicals be earnestly requested to give all possible publicity to every discussion which may throw light upon the obligations of the Sabbath, and to discountenance all violations of the day by public officers of our National and State Governments in the transaction of official business on the Lord's Day, and, further, that they abstain from advertising the special facilities which railroad running corporations offer for Sabbath desecration.

Resolved, That the synod calls not only on its own ministers and members, but on all who love the Lord Jesus Christ, to put forth strenuous, united, continuous, and prayerful efforts to stay the evil in the land.

The Rev. S. W. Crawford, D. D., and Dr. David Steele presented a complaint against the Philadelphia Presbytery, of which they are members, for not sending as full a delegation as they were entitled to under the constitution and laws of Synod. This complaint elicited an extended discussion. Pending its consideration, synod adjourned to Tuesday morning at half past nine o'clock.

Synod met on Tuesday morning at the usual hour, and opened with prayer. It was resolved that the devotional exercises be held at the close of the morning hour. The minutes of yesterday were read. In this report it was stated that there were three protests against Presbytery which accompanied it. The first protest was against the licensing of Mr. George S. Chambers, on account of his having written some articles in opposition to the use of the church on the subject of Psalmody. The second protest was against the Presbytery for holding a *pro re nata* meeting on the 13th of July, 1866, without giving due notice according to Presbyterial law.

The third protest was against the licensure of Mr. Hood. The reasons on account of his entertaining sentiments at variance with the doctrines of the Reformed Presbyterian Church. These protests were made by Mrs. Crawford and Steel. They were referred to a special Committee and will no doubt elicit much debate.

Papers on "Odd Fellowship" and "Communion," were referred to special committees. The Moderator decided that a motion to refer the papers to the Committee on Discipline was out of order.

Synod then proceeded to the devotional exercises, at the close of which adjourned to 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

FROM ERIE.

Second Annual Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Diocese of Pittsburgh.

[Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ERIE, May 21, 1867.

This being the day appointed by the primary Convention held in Pittsburgh a year ago, for the second convention of the young Diocese, delegates have been gathering to this, the appointed place, for two or three days. The Board of Missions, having a quorum present, with the Bishops, held two meetings yesterday. To-day an elegant "Director's Car," kindly furnished by Gen. Lake for the occasion, arrived at Pittsburgh with the clergy of that city and intermediate places. From East, West and South, delegates arrived on all the trains. Not one of your city clergy remain with the flocks at home, except the venerable Doctor Pare, detained by sickness, and Mr. Dr. Richey, Provisional Rector of Trinity Church, who has not yet acquired a canonical residence. His predecessor, Dr. Cowpe, now of Trinity Church, New York, is here, not as a delegate, but having labored more abundantly than any other in the origion of organization of the Diocese, and especially as chairman of several committees to which important duties were assigned during the first convention, he has yielded to the general wish that he would meet with his former colleagues for consultation here.

At 5 o'clock p. m. in St. Paul's Church, the Convention was organized, Bishop Kerfoot presiding. The temporary efficient secretary, Captain T. J. Brereton, of Saint John's, Lawrenceville, was re-elected. At the roll call about thirty clerical and forty lay members were found to be present.

Vacancies in some of the Standing Committees were filled, and one or two special Committees appointed. The necessary business of the day were agreed upon. Non-resident clergymen and students of Divinity were invited to seats. Rev. E. E. Swope, D. D., with but one dissenting vote, was invited to a seat in the Convention, with the right of participating in the debates.

A service at 8 o'clock, followed by addresses on the subject of Diocesan measures, was announced. Also, service at 9 o'clock, A. M. to-morrow, with Convention sermon, by Dr. Swope, to be followed by the Bishop's annual address, and other business.

It is a subject of general regret that the Bishop is afflicted with an intensely bad cold, impairing his voice so that he can only by a painful effort make it audible in divisions of the church. We all hope he may be better to-morrow and able himself to read his annual address.

FROM ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Presbyterian Assembly—Report of Committee on Erection of Churches—Sectarian Charges.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ROCHESTER, May 22.—In the Presbyterian General Assembly to-day, the Standing Committee on the Erection of Churches, reported one hundred churches without buildings of their own, and recommended that $100,000 be raised to assist in providing buildings.

Rev. Mr. Clark, of Michigan, exhibited a silver coin one hundred and thirty-one years old, which he said a poor man gave to a church building fund. Contributions were at once taken to redeem the coin and return it to the giver, and there was soon collected the hundred and two dollars.

In the evening a meeting was held to consider the question of erecting a Home Mission Church and the subject of ministerial education. The meeting was addressed by some of the most eloquent men.

In the meeting this morning communications were received from corresponding congregational bodies.

Delegates from New Hampshire and Connecticut were cordially received and addressed the Assembly.

The report of the Special Committee on Reunion was presented and adopted.

The report of the Joint Committee of the two assemblies was approved.

The matter of constitutional changes to adapt the system to a new order of things was referred back to the Joint Committee to report to the Assembly of '68.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Nathan Lane, Geo. W. Lane and John H. Crosby, were elected trustees of the Church Erection fund.

The meeting was made the occasion of a formal reception of the Scotch delegation, composed of Rev. Patrick Fairbairn and Rev. Wells. Both addressed the meeting. At the conclusion of the reception, E. A. Raymond, of the delegation from the Old School Assembly, which held its session at St. Louis, last year, addressed the Assembly in a forcible appeal for the reunion.

A letter was received from Dr. Yeoman and other members of the delegation, expressing their regret at being unable to be present, and their good wishes for the success of the work.

Steamship Ashore—Seven of the Passengers Drowned.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ATLANTIC CITY, May 22.—This afternoon, about four o'clock, the steamship Santiago de Cuba, Capt. Brehme, went ashore on the beach, about six miles below this city. She belongs to the Nicaraguan Steamship Company, and was bound to New York with four hundred souls on board. The life boat was unfortunately capsized, and five persons were drowned. Two others were afterwards drowned. The names of the lost are Mrs. Eunice Salome Quigg, Miss Sarah Mc-Avoy, Mrs. Maria Hawkins, Mrs. Marietta Rickens, Martin McAuley, John Smith and Mary Louisa Gregg.

An inquest has been held, and a verdict returned of "accidental drowning." Two of the bodies, those of John Smith and Mary L. Gross, have not been recovered.

The ship is little damaged and will probably get off this evening.

NEW YORK, May 22.—The steamers Saratoga, Saxon, and a steam tug have gone to assist the Santiago De Cuba.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Next Public Debt Statement—Slight Increase—Decrease in Internal Revenue—Geological Survey of Nebraska, &c., &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, May 22, 1867.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF NEBRASKA.

The following are extracts from a letter received by the Commissioner General of the Land office, from Dr. Hayden, recently appointed to make a geological survey of Nebraska: "Mr. Meek left some time ago for Iowa to trace the coal beds into Nebraska. Mr. Gillas is with him. I shall start in a week with my outfit complete." Speaking of some photographs he wants to form part of the archives of the survey, he says of Sioux Falls, Dakotah: "The Falls form the finest water power in the west, and will at some future period be of immense value."

THE NEXT PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

The next Treasury monthly statement will show a slight increase in the public debt, owing to the large amount of twenty-five millions recently paid as interest, and the small receipts of internal revenue, estimated not to exceed fifteen millions. The revenue returns will, however, be largely increased in June by the income tax being then due. Confidence is expressed in the ability of the Treasury to meet all accruing obligations, and there is no probability that the Treasury will be embarrassed.

THE RUN ON THE NEW ORLEANS BANK.

A letter from New Orleans says in the recent run on the City National bank it paid out in two days $210,000 of $275,000 on deposit.

PORT OF TAMPICO CLOSED.

The decree of Juarez, closing the Port of Tampico, while it remains disobedient to the government, has been received here.

RELIEVED FROM DUTY.

Brevet Brigadier Simonson has been relieved from duty at Indianapolis.

LAKE DISASTER.

Propeller Wisconsin Burned—Great Loss of Life—Names of the Lost and Saved.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, N. Y., May 22.—The following are the particulars of the loss of the Wisconsin, as correct as can be obtained amid the confusion which prevails here:

The propeller Wisconsin left her dock about eleven o'clock last night. When at the head of Grosche's Island, about two miles from shore, she was discovered to be on fire. It was the Captain's watch, and he ordered the vessel to be run ashore—and made preparations for the safety of the passengers.

The propeller now lies about six rods from shore and is a total loss. She had about seventy passengers, but it cannot be ascertained exactly how many were lost. Seven feet of the bow of the ill-fated boat is in place and are doing everything in their power for the comfort of the rescued passengers. The following are the lost and saved, as nearly as can be learned:

Saved—George Ashforth, Lawrence, Mass.; J. Cook, West Meadville, Pa.; Alvin Morrow, Forestville, Mich.; James Dean, Lawrence, Mass.; U. W. Joiner, Royalville, Ct.; Robt. Chisholm, John Chisholm, John Chisholm, John Cassaber, Centreville; Ira C. Reed, Rottsdam, N. Y.; D. C. Forrest, Carthage; M. Gerard, Sturgeon, Canada West; Wm. Morton; John Dahlenbaugh, Smith's Fall, C. W.; T. Wright, second cook; Mary McCleary, Niagara Falls; Miss Mason, Buffalo; P. H. Perry, Russell, C. E.; O. D. Shaver, wheelsman; D. Fisher, A. Weldin Sadsby and three children, Canada West; Miss Tracy, cabin boy; Edward Masterson, porter; fireman and three deck hands, names unknown.

The following is a list of those known to be lost; Mrs. G. Chisholm, Miss Mary Ann Chisholm, Miss S. Chisholm, Master Thomas Chisholm, Miss Nancy Cotterdam, Rottsdam; Miss Catharine Creed, Frederick Creed, Miss Gallagher, Pembroke, C. E.; A. F. Morrison, first engineer, Oswego; Mrs. W. Morrison, second engineer, of Clayton; John Powers first mate, Ogdensburg; Edward Corbett, Ogdensburg; David O. Fonin, Prescott, J. C. Fuller, Oswego, C. W.; Mrs. Donnie and one girl, Brooklyn; Miss Talmon and one boy, Oswego; Mrs. Dr. Richey, a provisional Rector of Trinity Church, who has not yet acquired a canonical residence. His predecessor, Dr. Cowpe, now of Trinity Church, New York, is here, not as a delegate, but having labored more abundantly than any other in the origion of organization of the Diocese, and especially as chairman of several committees to which important duties were assigned during the first convention, he has yielded to the general wish that he would meet with his former colleagues for consultation here.

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FROM MOBILE.

Mayor and Chief of Police Deposed by Gen. Pope—Letter from the Ex-Mayor.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MOBILE, May 22.—An order was issued this evening, by direction of Major General Pope, deposing the late Mayor, Algiers, Chief of Police, and appointing Gustavus Horton Mayor, and Colonel Dimon Chief of Police.

MOBILE, ALA., May 22.—Ex-Mayor Withers, in a letter to Colonel Shepherd, says he submits to the argument of the bayonet and vacates his office. He adds he was elected to office while a paroled prisoner, and was not sustained by the military to discharge its duties until he had been pardoned by the President and had taken an oath to support the Constitution and Government. He says during his continuance in office, he had not been untrue to the letter and spirit of his oath, and solemnly protests against the usurpation implied by his removal. He, in conclusion, thanks Col. Shepherd for the uniform kindness and consideration with which he has been treated.

Yale College Boat Races.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW HAVEN, May 22.—The annual spring races of the Yale navy took place to-day. The Varuna club boat won the gig race in twenty minutes and seventeen seconds, and also the shell race in eighteen minutes and seven seconds.

CONDENSED NEWS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

—During the debates in the Saxon Parliament on the question of the adoption of the new North German Constitution, prominent members asserted that the instrument was accepted through fear of the Prussian military power, and that its enforcement in such a manner would lead to revolution in Germany.

—The steamship Santiago De Cuba, from Greytown, Nicaragua, for New York, with three hundred and fifty passengers from California, went ashore at Atlantic City, N. J., yesterday. Six passengers were drowned while attempting to land.

—The steamer Wisconsin was burned on Monday night on the Lake, three miles from Cape Vincent, N. Y. Twenty-five to thirty lives were lost. The steamer belonged to the Northern Transportation Line.

—The failure of Frazier, Trenholm & Co., of Liverpool, England, has caused excitement in New York city. They were the agents of the rebel government in Europe. The State Department had instituted suits in the English courts against the firm for the recovery of vessels, cotton, and munitions of war, and other property of the Confederates held by them, the suits covering millions of dollars. It is understood the United States Government is amply secured, and will incur no loss by the failure.

—A collision occurred yesterday morning near Clives, Ohio, between the Ohio and Mississippi train going West, and the Illinois Central and Lacrosse train bound East. Both engines were badly injured, the engineer of the Illinois Central and Lacrosse train was seriously hurt, and some of the other employees of both trains were slightly injured.

—A gentleman who arrived in New York, from Mexico, reports that about the first of March the imperialists at Queretaro were short of ammunition, and had provisions enough to last until the first of May. Maximilian considered that place the "last ditch." At Vera Cruz the mortality from yellow fever was fifty per day.

—The recent decision in the New Orleans courts that debts incurred for the purchase of slaves before the war are null, involves nearly one hundred millions dollars in Louisiana alone.

—Major A. Graham, once Secretary of the United States Navy, afterward a member of the rebel Senate, but always a Federalist, has received his pardon from the President.

—Mayor Heath, of New Orleans, has decided that theatres are not compelled to sell tickets to negroes.

—The steamer China sailed at noon yesterday, from Boston, taking one hundred and eighty five thousand dollars in specie.

—Thomas R. Hudson, formerly a prominent banker of Lexington, but for many years pastpne of the largest stock breeders in the West, died yesterday at his residence, six miles from St. Louis.

—Lucy Stone and husband arrived from Kansas at St. Louis yesterday. They speak very confidently of the success of female suffrage in that State at the next fall election.

FROM MEMPHIS.

The Grand Tournament Immensely Successful—Ten Thousand Persons Present.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, May 22.—The tournament today for the benefit of the widows and orphans of the "Lost Cause" was immensely successful. Ten thousand persons were present, and the affair passed off quietly. A. J. Montana, Knight of Missing Ears, won the first prize, a gold pen, and Miss Lizzie Weaver, have succeeded in sweeping American commerce from the ocean, leaving only the Arago and Fulton, running to Havre, and the Hansa to Baltic, running to Bremen, all owned by an American company, as the sole remaining representatives of American commerce. They have been kept afloat thus far by receiving from our Government the postage on letters they carry to Europe. But this is at an end.

—In the Munich *Punch* there appears a sketch of the Austrian Minister, M. Beust, receiving a Bohemian deputy, and the following dialogue is appended: "M. de Beust: Monsieur de la Tortue, I am delighted to make your acquaintance. I venture to hope that we shall become the best of friends. Le Bohemien: Then say after me three times Jesuitpiquelcaval. M. de Beust: But it is impossible. Le Bohemien: Then you are a bad Minister for Austria, and I have the honor of bidding you good morning."

—The notorious confidence operator and gambler, Davis, who was convicted in Portland of the murder of Nathaniel Gage, has died. The Grand Jury refused to find a bill against Neiz, the detective, and complimented him for his promptness with which he acted in the affair which cost Davis his life.

—Rev. Henry W. Bellows, wife, daughter and son, sailed from New York, on Saturday for a year's absence in Europe. His society continues his salary, and furnished him with a purse of $5,000.

—Roback, the patent plitier, willed himself buried in Mount Holly, N. J., and a thousand dollar monument to be put up to commemorate his virtues.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

REFORMED SYNOD.

Annual Synod of the Presbyterian Church—Organization—Address by Delegate from United Presbyterian Assembly.

The annual synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church (O. S.) met yesterday morning in Rev. Dr. Sproull's church, Allegheny City.

The last Moderator not being present, Synod was constituted by Rev. Dr. Scott, the oldest minister present.

The roll was made up. One hundred and two delegates were present. Synod proceeded to the election of Moderator.

Rev. J. W. Shaw, Rev. Dr. Stevenson, and Rev. J. R. W. Sloane were nominated. The last was chosen.

Rev. R. Z. Willson was re-elected Clerk; Rev. H. H. George Assistant Clerk.

The hours of session were fixed at 9 to 12 A. M., and 3 to 5½ P. M.

The Moderator's alternate to preach the opening synodic sermon being absent, Synod ordered that the sermon to be preached by Rev. H. H. George on the "Influences of the Spirit" be heard instead of the synodic discourse.

The place of the next meeting of Synod was fixed at New Concord, Ohio.

The time—the 4th Wednesday of May 1868. Synod then took a recess till 3 P. M.

After recess, the Moderator, Rev. J. R. W. Sloane, announced the following Committees:

The Chairmen are as follows:

On Presbyterial Reports—Rev. J. R. Thompson.

Discipline—Rev. S. O. Wylie.

Missions—Rev. J. M. McDonald.

Theological Seminary—Rev. T. P. Stevenson.

Signs of the Times—Rev. A. Slafter.

Foreign Correspondence—A. Stevenson, D.D.

Finance—Rev. J. McCracken.

Rev. J. P. Lytle, delegate from the United Presbyterian Assembly, addressed the Synod.

After friendly salutations, he expressed gratification at the appointment of the Committee on the Revision of the Constitution. If the churches would unite in demanding it, it would be done. Some years ago, he would be laughed at. Let the churches speak together and politicians will act. If the churches would unite in this reform the world would be agreed and would say as the Bible Society.

Rev. J. Crozier also spoke with earnestness. He had listened with great pleasure to the utterance of sentiments, by the delegate, that must prevail. The public mind would not long endure the horrors of such a war, though he compelled the nation to bear. The testimony in reference to slavery has proved true. Now God says the authority of the Saviour must be recognized and established in the Constitution and Administration of the country. If it will not bear, God will compel them by his judgments. He is now preparing the minds of his people to assert the universal Headship of Jesus Christ. Let us pray for concerted action, interchange of sentiment and united prayer for the spirit and the work is done.

The resolution passed unanimously.

Rev. H. H. George was then appointed delegate to the U. P. Assembly now in session at Pittsburgh.

Rev. J. Sproul stated the action of the Pittsburgh Presbytery in asking Synod's permission to license a Theological student who had not taken the regular course of study in the Theological Seminary.

On the motion to grant leave, a spirited discussion arose, which resulted in a full per explanation the motion prevailed.

Synod spent some time in receiving and disposing of papers referred them to their respective committees. One was a memorial from some members of the Allegheny congregation in reference to questions that had been before the Church before and during the war—as "Occasional Hearing, Reasoning Tunes, Proclamation of Marriage, &c.

Another paper from Rehoboth congregation, was of like import.

On a motion to refer the memorials to a special committee, discussion arose. This motion did not prevail, and the papers were laid on the table for the present. They may be called up again.

Inquiry was made by a member of the Committee on Foreign Correspondence respecting the letter from the Synod of Ireland, which was not to be found at last meeting. Dr. Sproul said that the letter had been left among his papers by mistake. Prof. Willson, whom he exonerated from all intention of withholding it. It would be put into the hands of the Committee for reply and publication.

Rev. T. P. Stevenson, Rev. Dr. Scott, and an elder were appointed a committee to report a minute on the death of the late Prof. James M. Wilson.

The report of the Committee on Unfinished Business was taken up for disposition. While under consideration, the hour for adjournment arrived.

The Synod will meet this morning at nine o'clock.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Case.—A statement in the *Inquirer* states that the Supreme Court has refused to fix a day to argue the motion for a mandamus to compel the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company to desist from the construction of the five miles of their road between Smithfield and the State line. It is now thought his opinion will not be rendered until the meeting of the Court at Pittsburgh. Attorney General Brewster is concerned against the motion.

Fight about the Boat Race.—R. O. Dongan appeared at the office of Alderman Lynch, yesterday afternoon, and instituted legal proceedings against one John Webb, for assault and battery. The parties it is alleged, got into a dispute at the Monongahela House, about the race, which resulted in a quarrel. Webb struck the plaintiff quite severely. A warrant was issued.

THE BOAT RACE.

The Referee Decides in Favor of Brown.

The excitement concerning the scull boat race between Hamill and Brown increased in intensity during Tuesday evening, owing to an unfortunate occurrence—the withdrawal of Hamill from the contest when about three-fourths of the "course" had been traversed. We regard the race as a most ridiculous farce, reflecting no credit, in a "sporting" view, upon either of the contestants. Instead of a fair, honest test of their respective merits as oarsmen, both seem to have acted unfairly. Brown having the advantage in the start, had the right to use it as far as the "rules" allowed, and it appears did, while Hamill also "took all the chances" and acted in a manner which precludes him from just complaint. Brown, in view of the imputation under which he rested of having made overtures to sell himself and friends, had resolved "to do or die," and Hamill, in excess of confidence, had laid wagers on the result to the extent of three to one. Besides his pecuniary interest thus involved, he had held, and proposed to retain, undisputed sway as the American champion. In the belief that there was an honest intention on the part of each to win the race, and that what resulted was not all for "bunkum," we repeat what we said yesterday, there never was a race projected wherein more intensely bitter feelings were engendered, entirely foreign to the principle of "may the best man win." Therefore, we say it was a ridiculous farce, and as far as a fair test of the merits of the rival oarsmen is concerned, the result is unsatisfactory—through the fault of our champion, Hamill, according to the decision made, and by which all parties under the "regulations" must abide.

Brown took the lead from the start, and kept it throughout, Hamill not once showing ahead. Having the lead, Brown was afforded opportunity to "jockey" Hamill, and did so. Hamill resorted to the same tactics, and thus the struggle was kept up, the boats keeping in close proximity, the oars occasionally "locking," and at the buoy Hamill ran his boat against that of Brown. On the return, it is said, Hamill begged to be allowed a clear course, feeling, perhaps, that his chances for success were diminishing, from the determined efforts of Brown to maintain his advantage. On behalf of Brown it is claimed that Hamill knew he had that right at the point where the alleged "foul" occurred he was obliged to do what he did in order to keep on his course. But we need not discuss further this question, as it has been decided by those more conversant with matters of the kind than we are to be.

Hamill's advocates, we understand, concede the point that Brown is the superior oarsman, but claim a disadvantage in the miles, and in the race their hopes were based upon this view. While Brown might take the lead and perhaps keep it during the "course" at most, they anticipated that Hamill's superiority would show in the reminder, and that he would, by reason of his endurance, be enabled to overhaul and gain the race. On this point they and the public remain unconvinced, through the failure of Hamill to "show up," and, as far as it went, it cannot be fairly canvassed, demonstrated Brown's superiority as an oarsman. Many gave up the race as over until when they were fairly under way, and the opinion very generally obtains that Brown could have "finished" Hamill, had either this state of feeling, it is not to be wondered at that the claim of "foul" was regarded as put in as an excuse, instead of an acknowledgment of defeat. Boat racing in this locality has been gradually falling into disrepute, and the contest of Tuesday will be felt by many as but to add much to the enthusiasm on the subject.

THE DECISION OF THE REFEREE.

The judges selected were Robert Elliott, on the part of Hamill, and Daniel A. Harper on the part of Brown, and the referee was C. P. Caughey. A meeting was held Tuesday evening to decide the Black Crook case of "foul," but no decision was arrived at, the referee concluding to reserve it until Wednesday, at 10 o'clock, in anticipation of obtaining further evidence. Hamill appeared at the meeting, but Brown did not, having, as above stated, departed in the night train homeward.

At noon yesterday Mr. Caughey decided as follows:

"After having received the fullest testimony available on both sides, concerning the alleged "foul" in the sculling match between Walter Brown, of Portland, Maine, and James Hamill, of Pittsburgh, Pa., rowed at Pittsburgh May 21st, for the championship of America and $1,000, and having carefully and impartially weighed and compared all the facts presented, I have decided in favor of Walter Brown, and all interested will govern themselves accordingly.

C. P. CAUGHEY."

From this decision Mr. Elliott, Hamill's judge, stated he would appeal, which will, however, be of no avail, other than perhaps to cause delay in the handing over of the stakes.

The Fogler Confession.

The five witnesses who attested the document, publish a card in the Washington *Reporter*, in which they certify that Fogler claimed the entire authorship for himself; that it was in his handwriting, with the great inaccuracies as to spelling and punctuation; and that with a view to its punication as soon as possible after the execution took place, Kemp was made the recipient of being placed in the hands of the printer, special pains being taken to make no alteration in any manner whatever, save to correct orthography and attend to the matter of punctuation, in which latter respect the original was wholly defective. The confession, as published, is an exact copy of the original, the only difference being in the particulars already mentioned. The manuscript, as written by Fogler himself, is still at the store of Robert Dougan, where it is open to the inspection of any one who may want to compare it with the confession as given to the public through the pa, ers.

Assault and Battery Cases.

Sally McGraw made information yesterday before Alderman Humbert against Margaret Kelly, for assault and battery. It appeared that defendant's daughter did severely beat Sally McGraw's child, inflicting severe injuries. Meanwhile Sally McGraw appeared before said Alderman to make charge of disorderly conduct lodged against her by Margaret Kelly. They have been committed for a hearing.

J. Lawrence made information yesterday before Alderman Humbert against David Nelson for assault and battery. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Joseph Richards made information before Alderman Thomas against John Nighthour, charging him with assaulting and battery on his little boy. A warrant was issued.

Joseph Leeen appeared before Justice Barker to answer a charge of assault and battery made against him by William Richardson. The defendant was committed to jail in default of $300 bail.

A Boat Race Fight.

During the race on Tuesday two men, named Nicholas Hoffman and David Wilson, residents of the Fifth ward, got into a difficulty on the levee, in regard to the merits of the two contestants for the championship. A fight ensued, in which it seems both parties were somewhat used up. Hoffman appeared before Alderman Strain yesterday and preferred two charges against Wilson, one for assault and battery with intent to kill, and another for a breach of the peace. He alleges that Wilson choked him and then fired a pistol at him, the ball lodging in his left arm. Wilson, he says, afterwards he threatened to kill him. A warrant was issued for the ar

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1867.

A REPUBLICAN State Convention will be held in Georgia on the Fourth of July next.

THE Pennsylvania Railroad Company is negotiating to obtain the management of the Little Miami, Columbus and Xenia Railroads.

THE appointment of Mr. BANCROFT as Minister to Prussia, is creditable to the President. In accepting, Mr. BANCROFT has rendered the country a service.

THE Court, it seems, will be ready on Monday to proceed with the trial of JOHN H. SURRATT, but the government has not yet determined who shall conduct the prosecution.

MR. KELLEY'S SPEECH at Mobile, as reported in the newspapers of that city, do not sustain the charge made against him of provoking assault. He was perfectly frank and explicit, but good-tempered and manly. So, too, his speech at Atlanta was so excellent, both in manner and matter, as to draw warm commendations from many Southern gentlemen who listened to it.

THE Supreme Court of this State has refused to fix a day to hear the argument on the motion of Mr. GOWAN, for a mandamus to compel the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company to desist from constructing the five miles of its road between Smithfield and the State line. It is thought the hearing will go over till the meeting of the Court in this city. Attorney General BREWSTER will contest the motion, but not in his official capacity.

WHEN THE FRENCH ENTERED MEXICO to seat MAXIMILIAN on an imperial throne, shocking barbarities were inflicted on the Liberals who resisted the invasion. The wheel of events has revolved, and the Liberals, now in the ascendant, are making reprisals that thrill the world with horror. Is there a sane man in the United States who believes this to be the best way for the Mexicans to adjust their differences, and seek to establish the dominion of law and order? It seems hardly possible such a man can be found; and yet, judging from the tone of many of the journals, the Mexican method of dealing with national troubles appears to be in high favor.

THE PUBLICATION OF BOOTH'S DIARY, yielded to the natural curiosity and importunity of the public, throws no additional light on the great tragedy. He exults over the consummation of his crime as over a high duty grandly accomplished. This morbid or abnormal mental and moral condition is not a new development. It appeared in a letter addressed by him to a Philadelphia friend, and printed shortly after the assassination. It has often been disclosed in the political and religious dramas which darken the pages of history. The religious persecutions and the political butcheries which make European annals for eighteen hundred years an appalling nightmare, originated in this same perversion of intellectual processes and of moral sentiments. That crimes have thus been held to be virtues, neither change their nature, nor lessen the guilt of the perpetrators.

WHEN PRESIDENT JOHNSON turned his back on the Republican party, and entered into a conspiracy to destroy it, he was followed by the *Commercial*. What was the point on which he and it broke faith with their former friends, and started for the camp of the common enemy. They changed their views as to the proper way of dealing with rebels and revolted States. They proposed to heal all the hurts of the nation by an outburst of generosity; by restoring the Southern people at once to all their former rights; and by covering the past with a mantle of oblivion. The *Commercial* went so far as to outrage the loyal sentiment of this community. It poured extravagant laudation upon the President, upon Senator COWAN, and all the men who were prominent in their defection from sound principles. It only ceased when it found its business was falling off in consequence of its culpable policy.

With what show of decency does such a journal pitch into Mr. GREELEY for signing Mr. DAVIS' bail-bond? Do its conductors imagine the people of Western Pennsylvania have lost their memories? or does it expect by brazen impudence to silence their reproaches?

PROGRESS OF INVENTION.

Any thinking man who will walk through a well appointed machine shop, and observe the massive yet beautiful automatic machines working away at whatever their designer intended they should do, with a degree of steadiness and celerity which must be seen to be understood, cutting cast iron, wrought iron and even steel as noiselessly, and apparently as easily, as if they were so much putty, and with a precision but one remove from absolute perfection, cannot but be equally astonished and pleased. Whether the work be turning, planing, drilling, or whatever it may be, the man who has the oversight of the machine stands at his ease, although attentive, like a master over a servant, assured that if he does his part properly his metalic servant will perform his part of the operation aright.

We hardly realize how much of our civilization we owe to these admirable machines. But for them no man would ever have seen Philadelphia and Pittsburgh in the same twenty-four hours; for the construction of a locomotive would have been an impossibility without them. No human skill is adequate to the fabrication of such a machine without the aid of these automatic tools. Let the observer in the machine shop, after watching the operations of these machines turn to a workman, no matter how skillful, who, with hammer, chisel and file is doing some work upon which a machine cannot be brought to bear, and then he will see the difference.

SMITHS' Industrial Biography has a very interesting chapter on "Mechanical Inventions and Inventors." The difficulties encountered by JAMES WATT, the inventor of the steam engine, for want of machine tools, is graphically set forth. We quote a few sentences:

"Writing to Dr. ROEBACK, [he was then operating in Glasgow,] he said, 'you ask what is the principal hindrance in erecting engines? It is always the smith-work.' His first cylinder was made by a whitesmith, of hammered iron soldered together; but having used quicksilver to keep the cylinder air-tight, it dropped through the inequalities into the interior, and played the devil with the solder.' * * * His next cylinder was cast and bored at Carron, but it was so untrue that it proved next to useless. The piston could not be kept steam tight, notwithstanding the various expedients which were adopted of stuffing it with paper, cork, putty, pasteboard and old hats. Even after Watt had removed to Birmingham, and had the assistance of Boulton's best workmen, Smeaton expressed the opinion, when he saw the engine at work, that, notwithstanding the excellence of the invention, it could never be brought into general use, because of the difficulty of getting its various parts manufactured with sufficient precision. For a long time we find Watt, in his letters, complaining to his partner of the failure of his engines through villainous bad workmanship! * * * Nearly everything had to be done by hand. The tools used were of a very imperfect kind. A few ill-constructed lathes, with some drills and boring machines of a rude sort, constituted the principal furniture of the workshop. * * * It was not until the invention of automatic machine tools that the manufacture of the steam engine became a matter of comparative ease and certainty. Watt was compelled to rest satisfied with imperfect results, arising from imperfect workmanship if it be found to vary in any part more than the eightieth part of an inch in diameter!"

It is just one hundred years since WATT was struggling in Glasgow with his first experimental engines. In 1768 he removed to Birmingham and entered into co-partnership with Dr. JOHN ROEBUCK, who relieved him of pecuniary embarrassment and enabled him to bring his great invention to such a degree of perfection as secured it against failure and abandonment, and in some measure rewarded the indefatigable inventor for his anxiety and toil. It was WATT'S great invention, more than anything else, that created the necessity for the various and admirable automatic machine tools with which the world is now benefited and blessed; and as a true old proverb has it, "necessity is the mother of invention."

MR. DELEMAR, of the Bureau of Statistics, has been experimenting with the machinery of the Treasury Department, having in view the taking of the census of 1870. It is said that, through the admirable and perfect organization of the divisions for the collection of Internal Revenue, he has, with but little labor and no expense, secured an accurate census of the population of our country as it stood at the close of 1866. We do not believe that Mr. DELEMAR has arrived at figures which can be relied upon as strictly correct, but in round numbers his result may prove sufficiently accurate for ordinary calculation, and speculation upon the growth of the country.

The present census shows the total population of the thirty-seven States in November and December last to have been 34,100,253, and of the States and Territories taken together, 34,505,882. In a majority of the Southern States there has been a decrement of population, in the Eastern States a small increase, and in the Western States a large increase. The results are supported in every instance by the State censuses of 1865, so far as taken.

The comparison with the census of 1865 is as follows; Thirty-seven States, a few of which were then Territories, numbered 31,218,021 inhabitants, and the total States and Territories 31,443,321. The total increment since 1860 has therefore been 3,062,561, which, in view of the late extended conflict, demonstrates the extraordinary recuperative powers of the country.

HENRY P. TAYLOR, an experienced young business gentleman of Louisville, employed with the Merchants Express Company, committed scicide on Monday last, by blowing out his brains. No cause is assigned for the rash deed.

THE body of the heroic pilot, TOM MONTAGUE, who at the wheel went down on the ill-fated steamer Fashion, has been recovered from the river at Baton Rouge.

DANIEL SMITH, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Louisville, died suddenly of apoplexy on Monday.

FOREIGN ITEMS.

—The Swiss Federal Council has created a mission at Berlin. M. Heer is to be Minister.

—The Sultan has intrusted to Prince Michel the command of the four Servian fortresses.

—H. D. Cooke, Jay's brother, is also in government employ enough to have built and given away a church which cost $25,000.

—The Austrian cavalry service is to be materially reduced. A large number of officers will be left without duty and salary.

—It is said that the Marquis of Westminster advanced £500,000 for the new paper in London, *The Day*, and is joint proprietor with Alderman Allen.

—The Secretary of War in England has authorized a reward of £10,000 to Major Pailliser for his improvement in projectiles, and another £5,000 will be proposed in the next year's estimates.

—The French Government has instructed its agents at Toulon not to be over critical in their examination of young men who volunteer for the naval service. It is hoped that a conscription of seamen will not be necessary.

—The widow of Mr. Heywood, a Liverpool banker, who lately died at Bath, has lately offered to Dr. Winslow, the well known Baptist minister, the chapel in which he at present preaches, on condition that he will read the Church Liturgy there. If he will not do this, the building will be put upat auction.

—An incumbency of an unusual duration has just been brought to a close by the death, in the ninety-first year, of the Rev. R. Dickson, who, for no less than sixty-eight years, has been rector of Kilkeedy, near Limerick, Ireland. Up to the time of his last illness, the venerable gentleman retained possession of all his faculties, and took part last month in the celebration of the Holy Communion in his church.

—The London *Chronicle* says that the results of the Jamaica prosecutions are not to be measured by the fact that the Grand Jury have thrown out the bills against Col. Nelson and Lieutenant Brand; and adds: "It is not a trifling gain to have called forth so powerful and emphatic a re-assertion of the great historic principles of English liberty as that contained in Lord Chief Justice Cockburn's charge.

—In 1862, there were in Prussia 68,000 acres of land on which tobacco was cultivated; in 1861, only 41,192; in 1862, 45,866; in 1863, 55,706, or the 33.63 per cent. of the whole tobacco plantation of the Zollverein. But, owing to the recent increase of the Prussian territory, the number of acres put into cultivation in 1866, amounted to 61,762, or the 35.67 per cent. of the plantation of the Zollverein. The taxes on that production in 1862 were 133,000 thalers, and in 1866, only 85,000.

—The Hungarian Guard has just been re-established. Formerly it consisted of young Hungarian nobles, who had the rank of Lieutenant, and were subsequently transferred to the army. They were supposed to be educated for their profession during their service as Guards in Vienna. In 1848 the entire Guard took part in the Hungarian rebellion, and was subsequently dissolved. It will in future be composed of officers who have served up to the rank of Captain, and appointments will be given as rewards for good service. The uniform of the Hungarian Guard is exceedingly handsome, consisting of a scarlet national costume, braided with silver, with a tiger-skin thrown over the shoulders. The horse trappings are silver and green. General Haller, late Aulic Chancellor of Transylvania, has been appointed Captain of this "Noblegarde," as it is called.

—Professor Von Pettenkofer is said to be satisfied with the results of his investigations, made last summer, in the cities which have been visited by the cholera. Meantime, the scientific interviews with the professor Griesinga Wonderlich and the Englishman McPherson, have resulted in a unanimous agreement of views upon the same subject. Professor Von Pettenkofer, as we are told, is to lecture on these, his recent experiences, to the medical club of Germany. Connected with this report is the surprising communication from Vienna, where Doctor Klob Hess has discovered by the help of a glass, which magifies 1000 times, in the excrements of cholera patients, millions of microscopical plants, which differ very little in the external appearance from those found in our native toadstools. There is scarcely any doubt that this forms the basis of that terrible disease. We know that under favorable circumstances, these plants multiply in a prodigious manner and exercise a hitherto unknown influence upon the human system. These facts are corroborated by the observation of the most celebrated physicians, who assign a like origin to the typhus, small pox, scarlet and other infectious diseases.

Full Text of Booth's Diary.

The following is a copy of the writing which was in pencil found in the diary taken from the body of J. Wilkes Booth.

(Official copy.)

J. HOLT, Judge Advocate General.

"Ti amo." April 13th and 14th. Friday the Ides. Until to-day nothing was ever thought of sacrificing to our country's wrong. For six months we had worked to capture, but our cause being almost lost, something decisive and great must be done. But its failing was owing to others, who did not strike for their country with a heart. I struck boldly, and not as the papers say. I walked. With a firm step through a thousand of his friends, and was stopped, but pushed on. A Colonel was at his side. I shouted, 'Sic Semper' before I fired. In jumping I broke my leg. I passed all his pickets, and rode sixty miles that night with the bone of my leg tearing the flesh at every jump. I can never repent it, though we hated to kill. Our country owed all her trouble to him, and God simply made me the instrument of his punishment. The country is not in (illegible), what it was. This forced Union is not what I have loved. I care not what becomes of me. I have no desire to outlive my country. This night, "before the world," I wrote a long article and left it for one of the editors of the *National Intelligencer*, in which I set fully forth our reasons for our proceedings. He or the Government.

Friday, 21.—After being hunted like a dog through swamps, woods, and last night being chased by gunboats till I was forced to return wet, cold and starving, with every man's hand against me, I am here in despair, and forsaken by all. Everything has forsaken me, but with that I will not forsake myself. I still have that, though I may be wrong, yet I, for striking down a greater tyrant than they ever knew, am looked upon as a common cut throat. My action was purer than either of theirs. One hoped to be great, the other had not only his country's, but his own wrongs to avenge. I hoped for no gain. I knew no private wrong. I struck for my country, and that alone. A country that groaned beneath this tyranny and prayed for this end, and yet now behold the cold hand they extend to me. God cannot pardon me if I have done wrong; yet I cannot see my wrong, except in serving a degenerate people. The little, very little I left behind to clear my name, the Government will not allow to be printed. So ends all. For my country I have given up all that makes life sweet and holy, brought misery on my family, and am sure there is no pardon in the Heaven for me, since man condemns me so. I have only heard of what has been done, except what I did myself, and it fills me with horror. God, try and forgive me, and bless my mother. To-night I will once more try the river, with the intent to cross, though I have a greater desire and almost a mind to return to Washington, and in a measure clear my name, which I feel I can do. I do not repent the blow I struck. I may before my God, but not to man. I think I have done right. Our country was bleeding, and the curse of Cain upon me, when, if the world knew my heart, that one blow would have made me great, though I did not desire greatness. To-night I try to escape these bloodhounds once more. Who, who can read his fate? God's will be done. I have but to die like a criminal. Oh! may He, may He spare me that, and let me die bravely. I bless the entire world. Have never hated or wronged any one. This last was not a wrong unless God deems it so, and it is with Him to damn or bless me. And for this brave boy with me who often prayed, kiss before Him with a true and sincere heart. Was it crime in him? If so, why can he pray the same? I do not wish to shed a drop of blood, but I must fight the course. This all that's left me."

Upon a piece of paper found in the diary, and supposed to have been torn from it, is written the following:

"My DEAR (piece torn out). Forgive me, but I have some little pride. I cannot blame you for want of hospitality. You know your own affairs. I was sick, tired with a broken limb and in need of medical advrice, and I could not have turned a dog from my door in such a plight. However, you were kind enough to give us something to eat, for which I not only thank you, but on account of the rebuke and manner in which it (piece torn out). I will not the substance, but the way in which kindness is extended that makes one happy in the acceptance thereof. The same to meat is ceremony. Meeting were base without it. Be kind enough to accept the enclosed five dollars, although hard to spare for what we have received. Most respectfully, your obedient servant."

REPORT OF THE JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL.

BUREAU OF MILITARY JUSTICE, NEW YORK, May 13, 1867.

Respectfully returned, with the copy asked for.

The "Diary" purports to be one for 1864, and the leaves cut or torn from it probably contained entries of that year, and were thus destroyed by Booth himself. It is absolutely certain that the diary is in all respects as it was when it came into my hands, and Colonel Conger, who was prominent in the pursuit and capture of Booth, after having carefully examined it in my presence on yesterday, declared its contradiction to be now precisely the same as when he took it from Booth's body after he had been shot, the writing in the same hand and all which it then contained. Col. Conger was examined before the Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives today.

J. HOLT, Judge Advocate General.

Mr. GEORGE MUIR, of Armstrong's Coal Works, Penn township, Allegheny county, speaks as follows of the

REV. E. A. WILSON'S

Great Remedy for Consumption:

"I was reduced so low with consumption that I was unable to leave my bed, and my physicians informed me that they could do nothing more for me, my case being utterly hopeless, that I had not certainly over a month to live. At this stage I was induced to try REV. E. A. WILSON'S REMEDY, and to-day I am as well as any man in the world. If there are any who doubt this statement, they can call and see me, (as per above address) and I will give them all the particulars of my extraordinary recovery.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Sole agent for Pittsburgh, JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist, 84 Market street. my23:TFS

What Swayne's Ointment Will Do.

1—It will cure Itch in from 12 to 48 hours.
2—It will cure the most obstinate cases of Tetter.
3—It will cure Chronic Erysipelas of the face.
4—It will cure Salt Rheum. Scald Head.
5—It will cure Itching Piles, all Eruptions.
6—It will positively cure all Skin Diseases.
7—Use SWAYNE'S OINTMENT and scratch no more.

"ITCH" *Dr. Swayne's Ointment,* "TETTER"
"ITCH" *Dr. Swayne's Ointment,* "TETTER"
"ITCH" NEVER KNOWN "TETTER"
"ITCH" "TETTER"
"ITCH" TO FAIL. "TETTER"
"ITCH" "TETTER"

Prepared only by DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. Sold by ONTARRAH & CO., PITTSBURGH, 85 Market street, GEO. A. KELLY, 27 Wood st., JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market st., A. TORRENCE, cor. 4th and Market streets, Pittsburgh; KANE & DEWITT, Allegheny. ap28:12wTTS

STRONG TESTIMONY.

TAMAROA, Perry Co., Ill., Dec. 11, 1866.

This certifies that I have used and recommended in my practice, during the last four years, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS with perfect satisfaction, and take great pleasure in recommending them to the public.

E. H. PRICE, M. D.

TECOLA, Illinois, August 3, 1866.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith—DEAR SIRS: I use your BITTERS in my family, and consider them the best that can be procured. My wife has derived great benefit from using them, and also considers them an invaluable medicine.

Respectfully yours, G. F. MILLER.

OXFORD, Warren Co., N. Y., Aug. 20, 1866.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, Pittsburgh, Pa.—SIRS: There is a great demand for your valuable STOMACH BITTERS in this neighborhood. We have been using them in the family for some time, and find them the best medicine of any for family use. Yours, J. N. CANDEE COLE.

EFFINGHAM, Effingham Co., Ill.

Dr. Hostetter—DEAR SIR: With pleasure I can testify that your BITTERS, from my knowledge of their use in my family, and from what is said by purchasers, are far superior to any other.

Yours, &c., ROBERT C. BRAL.

PINUS CANADENSIS.

A tree which is abundant in Canada, Nova Scotia, and the more northern parts of the New England States, and is also found in the elevated mountainous regions of the Middle States, and abounds in medicinal virtues. Dr. Sweet, of Boston, has prepared a medicine from the sweet inside bark of the pine tree, called POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND, which is one of rare value in all debilitated states of the kidneys. It acts like a charm in all diseases of mucous membranes. Those who wish to regain their lost tone and energy. It will be found well adapted to all those diseases, where Buchu has been tried and failed. It is likewise well suited to chronic coughs, and an infallible specific for old and debilitated cases of asthma. Many persons who at first only took a bottle of this medicine, to try, afterwards came back and got a dozen, or half a dozen, which effected a radical cure of diseases of the bladder and kidneys of years standing.

Diabetes, a disease that has been looked upon as among the incurables, is immediately relieved by it. Notice the certificate of Asa Goodnow, published some time ago.

The United States Dispensatory, speaking of the pine, says: "It is prescribed in leucorrhœa, fluor, and other diseases of the urinary passages; in piles and chronic inflammation or ulceration of the bowels, in chronic catarrhal affections, and in various forms of cutaneous." It is exceedingly valuable in all gravelly affections, bloody urine, and where there is red and white sediment. It can be taken without interruption to one's usual avocations; and instead of sickening, produces a healthy healthy power of endurance and vigor. Price, $1 per bottle; six for $5. Ask for POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND. For sale by the gross, dozen or single bottle, at DR. KEYSER'S Great Medicine Store, 140 Wood street. ap20

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

ROBINSON BROTHERS,

Bankers,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

Convert 7-30's, free of charge, upon Government account. They have constantly on hand all kinds of

U. S. BONDS,

And are prepared to buy and sell Railroad Bonds or Stocks; Bank, Gas and Bridge Stocks; Mortgages on Real Estate, Land Warrants, &c.

WANTED.—The bonds of the counties of Butler, Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and Washington. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HIGHEST MARKET RATES

PAID FOR

MAY AND JULY COUPONS,

AT

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,

Bankers,

Cor. Fourth & Wood Sts.

W. W. WATTLES,

No. 41 Fifth Street,

DEALER IN

Fine Watches, Rich Gold Jewelry,

DIAMONDS, CHAINS, SILVER AND PLATED WARE, and all articles usually found in a first-class store. Being thoroughly conversant with my business, and purchasing from first hands, I can offer special inducements to all who may favor me with their patronage.

Remember the place, No. 41 FIFTH ST. my23:278

ALLEGHENY SAVINGS BANK,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

Organized in 1845.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Deposits received and six per cent. interest allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to Collections, and proceeds promptly remitted. Discount Days—Monday and Thursday.

DIRECTORS:

G. Wettach, J. T. Stockdale,
A. Ackley, Frank Iliernan,
Alexander Morse, D. Dehaven.

JAS. L. GRAHAM, President.
JOHN W. RIDDLE, Cashier. my23

TEAS! TEAS! TEAS!

OF ALL PRICES AND QUALITY, AT

A. KIRK'S.

GREEN TEA.

Prime Young Hyson.....$1.50 per pound.
Extra good " " 1.60 "
Good " " 1.40 "
Good " " 1.20 "
Good " " 1.00 "

BLACK TEAS—Oolongs.

Best Colong.....$1.40 per pound.
Good " 1.20 "
Extra " 1.00 "

BLACK TEAS—Powchong, Souchong and Congous.

Ex. Fine Rose Bud'd Eng. Breakfast.....$1.25
" High " Old Country, do 1.20
" " Congou 1.40

JAPAN TEAS.

Uncolored Japan, very fine.....$1.70
Japan, Young Hyson, Leaf..... 1.60

MIXED TEAS.

No. 1 Mixed Teas, ½ do. Y. H. $1.60
No. 2 " " ½ " " 1.20

From the above any one can select just what kind of Tea they want, and have them put up in any quantity, and forwarded by any of the Express Companies, who now carry goods at very low rates, and by doing so save twenty cents per pound in the price, besides getting a pure and clean article which exactly suits their taste.

A. KIRK,
172 & 174 Federal St., Allegheny.
my23:v10

RECEIVED THIS DAY.

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street,

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TRIMMINGS.

Jet Bead and Bugle Gimps and Fringes.
Crystal Bead Gimps and Drop Trimmings.
Jet and Crystal Ornaments.
Fancy Silk and Jet Drop Buttons,
Fine Assortment of Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.
English Bonnet and Trimming Ribbons, all widths and shades.
Colored Velvet Ribbons.
Elegant Assortment Real Point and Applique Laces and Handkerchiefs.

FULL LINE ALEXANDRE'S KID GLOVES

The Jobbing Trade will find a complete stock of the above goods in our Wholesale Department, together with a great variety of

Fancy Goods & Notions Generally,

AT EASTERN PRICES.

my23:m90

NEW BOOKS.

Taylor's Colorado.
Last Days of the Saviour.
True Protestant Kitto'sIllus.
Parton's Humorous Law.
Key to Bankrupt Accountant.
Methomania. By Albert Day.
Dow's Sermons. 2 vols.
Christens Kosette's Poems.
Dark Year of Dundee.
Giant Cities of Bashan.
Sybil's Second Love.
Aeneid of Virgil. Conington.
Good English Gould.
Alexander's Lexicon.
Church Doctrine. Sadler.
Ecce Deus.
Longfellow's Diamond Edition.
The Declaration and Constitution, in 1 vol.

J. R. WELDIN & CO.

JOHN ROSS.....JOHN KNABLE.....JOHN H. BOYTS.

PITTSBURGH LAMP COMPANY.

JOHN ROSS & CO.,

No. 23 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

Manufacturers of

LAMPS, LAMP BASES, CHIMNEYS, LANTERNS, ETC.

Also, dealers in everything pertaining to the Lamp Trade.

TUMBLERS, TABLE WARE, WINDOW GLASS, and everything in the Glass Line.

JAMES B. JONES,

DEALER IN

Scrap Iron, Light Iron,

CAST AND WROUGHT IRON.

ROPE, &c.

Corner Anderson Street and River Avenue, Allegheny City.

C. G. FISCHER'S

FANCY

Dyeing and Scouring Establishment,

No. 61 DIAMOND ALLEY,

Between Wood and Smithfield streets, PITTSBURGH, Pa.

All goods returned in two weeks. Goods kept subject to the owner twelve months. my15:d3

PIANOS AND ORGANS.—A very large stock of

KNAKE & CO.'S PIANOS,
HAINES BROS. PIANOS, and
PRINCES' AUTOMATIC ORGANS,

AT BLUME'S MUSIC STORE,

my18 No. 43 FIFTH STREET.

NEW FIRST CLASS GROCERY,

No. 154 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

Fresh stock of choice

Teas, Coffee, Sugars, &c., &c.,

Which we offer to the public at lowest prices.

A. G. BRYANT.

my18:z61

LIGHT AND HEAVY SPRING WAGONS.

Light and heavy City and Farm Wagons.
Light and heavy City and Farm Carts.
Wheelbarrows, for every purpose.
Trucks, of all kinds. Sulds, Harrows, Horse Hay Rakes, Horse Hay Forks.
Scorified Hubs and Tarred Spokes on hand and for sale at DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.

my15:m90 COLEMAN, FORESTER & CO.

CHOICE BEDDING PLANTS.

A very large stock of

Roses, Geraniums, Verbenas, &c.,

In bloom, at the Oakland Greenhouses.

Send for a catalogue. **JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH.**

my15:e0

REMOVAL.

JOHN F. CLULEY,

House and Sign Painter,

Has removed to

No. 134 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

my9:z97 Opposite the old stand.

FOR ONE DOLLAR YOU CAN get

A Can of good STRAWBERRIES;
A Can of good BLACKBERRIES;
And a Can of good FRESH TOMATOES;

At 112 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City.

my16:z2 GEORGE HEAVEN.

MINERAL WATER FOR SALE.

TWO CASES VECHY WATER,

Bought for private use, but not needed. Address "A. B.," GAZETTE COUNTING ROOM.

my15:p1

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S BREAD. The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. None else Ward's. mh30:w30:s8TH

MALT! MALT! MALT!

1,000 BUSH. CHOICE BARLEY MALT,

For sale by **HENRY REA, Jr.,**

my16:m0 285 Liberty St., foot of Seventh.

JUST OUT.

The Key to the Bankrupt Account. 50c.
Emerson's New Revenue Law..... $1 00.

J. R. WELDIN & CO.

my20

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW BARBER SHOP AND BATH HOUSE.

Under the Academy of Music, Liberty street, now open.

FLEMING & BUCKNER,

my23:z76 Proprietors.

R. P. GETTY,

Wholesale and Retail Grocer.

Dealer in TEAS, WINES and Pure Old Monongahela Rye and Bourbon WHISKIES, No. 55, Northeast corner of Ohio street and the Diamond, Allegheny City, Pa. my23:z84

TO LET.

A Brick Dwelling,

Containing eight rooms and a large cellar. No. 68 Chatham street, near Fifth Street Extension. Rent $350 per year. Apply to

JAS. D. CARLISLE,

my23:z77 No. Fifth street.

GIRARD FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY. Office, N. E. corner Seventh and Chestnut Streets.

PHILADELPHIA, May 16, 1867.

The Directors of this Company have declared a Dividend of FIVE DOLLARS PER SHARE, payable to the Stockholders on and after this date. **ALFRED S. GILLETT,**

Treasurer.

The undersigned, Agent of this Company for Pittsburgh, will pay stockholders residing here, the above Dividend, No. 18, at his office, No. 46, N. E. corner of Wood and Third streets.

ROBT. B. THOMPSON,

my23:z78 Agent.

THE INTEREST IN GOLD, ON

THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY, Eastern Division,

Due JUNE 1ST, will be paid on presentation of the Coupons therefor, on and after that date, at the Banking House of

DABNEY, MORGAN & CO.,

53 EXCHANGE PLACE, New York.

(Signed.) WM. J. PALMER, Treasurer.
my23:z75

GENTLEMEN'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

No. 72 Fifth Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

The most extensive variety, the latest novelties, the largest inducements west of New York.

Perfect Fitting French Yoke Shirts,

MADE TO ORDER.

PUTNAM & HOUSE,

SUCCESSORS TO

MURDOCK & PUTNAM.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.

In the Court of Common Pleas, No. 633, June Term, 1867. In the matter of the Petition of WILHELMINA VOLTZ, wife of JOSEPH VOLTZ, to be declared a Feme Sole Trader.

And now, May 15th, 1867, petition presented in open Court, and thereupon the Court grant a rule on JOSEPH VOLTZ, the husband of said petitioner, and on all other persons interested, to appear in Court on or before the FIRST MONDAY OF JUNE NEXT, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and order and direct that notice of said rule be given to the parties interested by publication in the Pittsburgh Daily GAZETTE, for ten days prior to said first Monday of June.

FROM THE RECORD.

JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.
my23:w3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, Allegheny, Pa., May 16th, 1867.

In pursuance of the Ordinance and Resolution adopted May 9th, 1867, Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until SATURDAY, the 25th inst., at 10 o'clock P. M., for

10,000 feet, more or less, of 12 inch WATER PIPE.
24 12-inch STOP COCKS.
15 12-inch DOUBLE BRANCHES.
2 12-inch HALF BRANCHES.

The Pipe and Branches to be made of good, strong, soft iron, to stand a pressure of 200 pounds to the square inch, and to be of an average thickness of three-fourths of an inch, to weigh not less than 90 or more than 96 pounds to the foot, and to be delivered at such times and places as the Superintendent of Water Works may direct. Any further details or information are referred to GEO. N. MILLER, Esq., Supt.

Bidders are requested to state price per pound, payable in twenty years six per cent. bonds, with interest coupons attached payable semi-annually. Also, the price per pound payable in equal annual payments of one, two, three, four and five years, with interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

R. R. FRANCIS,
my16:z54 City Controller.

Allentown Railroad Line.

NEW, ALL RAIL,

FAST FREIGHT LINE,

DIRECT BETWEEN

Boston, New York and Pittsburgh,

Via Harrisburg, Allentown and Jersey City,

Without Change of Cars.

NEW YORK GOODS FOR PITTSBURGH must be delivered at PIER No. 1, NORTH RIVER, to the Agent of the "A." Allentown Transportation Company, and NOT to the Agents of the N. J. Central R. R., at same pier.

Bills of Lading issued at the office of the Line, No. 254 BROADWAY.

Boston Office, 77 WASHINGTON ST.

JOHN P. HAMILTON, Agent,

Office, Foot of LIBERTY ST.,

PITTSBURGH.

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

RICHARD BREED & CO.,

IMPORTERS,

No. 100 Wood Street.

BRITTANIA AND SILVER PLATED TABLE WARE, TEA TRAYS and TABLE CUTLERY, always on hand.

CHINA TEA SETS.
CHINA DINNER SETS.
CHINA TOILET SETS.
CHINA VASES.
CHINA BOWLS.
BOHEMIAN WARE of every description
LAVA CARD BASKETS.
LAVA VASES.
LAVA SPITTOONS.
ENGLISH STONE WARE of all varieties, to suit wholesale and retail trade.

The largest and most complete stock of every thing in this line in the city.

Prices and terms the same as in the eastern cities.

FOR THE SPRING TRADE.

At 26 and 28 St. Clair Street.

We have in store and are daily receiving, of our own and other manufactures, a large stock of

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES,
FURNITURE,
TABLE AND CARRIAGE
OIL CLOTHS,
BUFF HOLLANDS,
SHADE FIXTURES,
DRUGGETS,

Also, LEATHER BELTING,
RUBBER BELTING,
HOSE AND STEAM PACKING.

Being manufacturers, we are enabled to offer to merchants, carriage makers and the retail trade inducements as to prices and goods not be found elsewhere in the city.

J. & H. PHILLIPS.

ap8:w87

HOUSE AND FURNITURE FOR SALE.

THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE,

No. 52 FERRY STREET,

At present occupied by Mr. J. S. BELL. The house contains nine rooms, and finished attic, hot and cold water, marble mantles and washstands, tiled dining-room, hall and stairs. The furniture and carpets, which are new, will be sold with the house. Possession immediate.

Apply to **J. S. BELL,**

my22:z74 At Bates & Bell's.

GEO. C. SPANGLER.....JAS. BRADFORD.

SPANGLER & BRADFORD,

PRACTICAL

Plumbers and Gas Fitters,

No. 47 Ohio St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Houses fitted up with WATER, GAS and STEAM by experienced workmen. Particular attention given to country work. BAR & SODA FOUNTAINS, latest style.

my17:z95

TRIUMPH OIL COMPANY.

PITTSBURGH, May 18th, 1867.

NOTICE.—Pursuant to a Resolution of the Stockholders, passed at their Annual Meeting, held on the 4th of March last, the Board of Directors of the TRIUMPH OIL COMPANY have this day ordered the unsold Stock to be distributed pro rata among the Stockholders on and after JUNE 6th, 1867. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 1st to the 6th days of June, inclusive.

By order the Board.

WILLIAM MUSSLER,

my22:z66 Secretary.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND

ENGLISH CONCERT,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

THE MONUMENTAL FAIR,

To be given by Pittsburgh Amateurs, assisted by Messrs. CHAS. M. BOULMAN and JOHN MANNING, under the direction of

MR. CLEMENT TETEDOUX,

AT MASONIC HALL,

On Thursday Evening, May 23d, 1867.

PART FIRST.

1. The Happy Muleteer, Crown Jewels. Auber. Mr. William B. Edwards.
2. Oh, Martini, Wild Wood Flower, (duett.).....
Martini.....Wallace.
Mrs. M. A. Woodward and Mr. P. Zimmerman.
3. Ye Merry Birds.....Gumbert.
Miss Mary Laughlin.
4. The Angel Serenade, (with violin obbligato,) Braga.
Miss Mary Porter and Mr. John Manning.
5. The Fisherman, (duett.).....Gabel.
Miss Maggie McCandless and Mr. A. Chiselett.
6. Good Night, (quartett.)—Martha .....Flotow.
Misses Laughlin and Annie Miller, Messrs. P. Zimmerman and W. B. Edwards.
7. The Butterfly, (Waltz.).....Torry.
Mrs. M. A. Woodward

BY REQUEST.

Miserere.—Il Trovatore.....Verdi.
Miss Eva Addison, Mr. P. Zimmerman & Chorus.

PART SECOND.

1. When I Know that Thou Art Near, (duett) Art.
Miss M. Porter and Mr. W. B. Edwards.
2. Robin Adair, arranged by.....Bolidieu.
Mr. John Manning.
3. Within a Mile of Edinburg'.....
Mrs. M. A. Woodward.
4. Brightest Eyes, arranged with Violin obbligato, by.....Perier.
Addison and Mr. J. Manning.
5. Oft in the Stilly Night.....
Miss M. McCandless.
6. The Larboard Watch, (duett,).....Williams.
Messrs. P. Zimmerman and A. Chiselett.
7. Come with the Gipsy Bride,—Bohemian Girl.....Balfe.
Miss E. Addison and Chorus.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

INVISIBLE

EMPRESS TRAIL SKIRT,

THE NEW SHAPE FOR

Spring, 1867,

IN

J. W. BRADLEY'S

DUPLEX ELLIPTIC

(OR DOUBLE SPRING,)

SKIRTS,

The handsomest and most comfortable style yet introduced. SEE ALL FASHION MAGAZINES. Also, the New Sizes in PARIS TRAILS, PRIDE OF THE WORLD, and TIP-TOP STYLES.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

AT WHOLESALE by all the leading Notion and Dry Goods Houses in Pittsburgh. Also, by Sole Owners of Patent and Exclusive Manufacturers,

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,

97 Chambers Street,

mh16,w5wT NEW YORK.

JUST OPENED,

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

An elegant assortment of

Sun Shades and Parasols,

NEW BUTTONS AND TRIMMINGS,

ENGLISH BONNET AND TRIMMING RIBBONS.

SPRING SHADES OF

THE BEST KID GLOVES.

"STAR" SHIRTS.

BEST PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS.

We have just opened a full line of all sizes and colors of the celebrated

"88" Kid Glove, at $1.10 per Pair.

We are authorized to guarantee every pair of the gloves sold. Should they rip or tear putting on, they can be exchanged for another pair.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

my1

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

AT

JOSEPH HORNE'S & CO'S.

Having made a second addition to our already large stock of

SPRING GOODS,

We are prepared to offer inducements, both in price and assortment, in Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Dress Trimmings and Fringes, New styles Dress Trimmings, Colored and Velvet Ribbons, Guipure and Cluney Laces, Real Thread and Pointe Lace, Buttons, all styles and colors, Corsets, Boning, Buckles and Belts, Fine Opera Fans, Ladies', Misses' and Gents' Spring Under Wear, Alexandre Kid Gloves, Invisible Empress Trail Skirts, in Single and Duplex.

A large assortment of

Gents' Neck Ties, Scarfs and Bows, Suspenders, Shirt Fronts, &c. Morrison's Star Shirts, Spring Styles Bonnets, Hat Flowers, and Millinery Goods, Trimming Ribbons, Bonnet Ribbons, Plain and Fancy, all widths.

OUR WHOLESALE ROOMS, up stairs, will be found complete in all Departments. Dealers will find it to their advantage to give us a call. Prices as low as Eastern Jobbers.

77 and 79 Market Street.

sp23:n90

AT REDUCED PRICES!

Rain Umbrellas;

Morrison's "Star" Shirts;

JUST OPENED.

Galloon Trimmings;

Jet Drop Trimmings;

Lace Trimmed Handkerchiefs;

Alexandre's Kid Gloves;

Velvet Ribbons, rich colors;

Guipure Laces and Edgings;

Infants' Caps;

Trimming Satins, all colors;

AT

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street,

my16:w12

1867. SPRING. 1867.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Dry Goods and Notions,

Offer their large and attractive stock of

NEW GOODS AT EASTERN PRICES, FOR CASH.

DRESS GOODS, WHITE GOODS, DELAINES, PRINTS, GINGHAMS, CHECKS TICKS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, COTTONADES, JEANS, BLEACHED AND BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS, SHAWLS, SKIRTS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c., &c.

Buyers are invited to call and examine our goods and prices, at

No. 115 Wood Street,

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.

C. ARBUTHOT. W. T. SHANNON.

ap2:w97 J. G. STEPHENSON.

DENNISON & BECKERT,

No. 27 Fifth Street,

Are constantly receiving

Bead and Bugle Dress Trimmings;
Embroideries, Hosiery, Gloves;
Ribbons and Flowers;
Hoop Skirts and Corsets;
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas;
Morrison's "Star Shirts;"
Linen and Paper Collars;
Suspenders and Neck Ties;
Notions, &c., &c.

my5:w83

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS,

AT 12 1-2 CENTS.

GOOD DARK

GINGHAMS.

AT 12½ CENTS,

LIGHT AND DARK PRINTS.

AT 25 CENTS,

YARD WIDE BLEACHED MUSLINS.

Colored Dress Silks, good variety;
Plain Black Silks, gros grains, a large stock;
Dress Goods, at all prices;
5-4 Wool Delains, all colors;
French Percales, all colors;
French Lawns, White Goods;
Nottingham Lace, for Curtains;
Striped Dimities;
Bonnets, Hats, Sundowns;
Ribbons, Flowers;
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas;

A full line opened to-day. A very large and new stock, wholesale and retail, at

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

my17

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES;

Boys' Cassimeres;
Gent's Cassimeres;
Black and Colored Cloths;
Grey Tweeds;
Kentucky Jeans;
Linen Checks;
Cottonades.

A large assortment of NEW GOODS, at the new store of

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.,

No. 87 Market St.,

NEXT DOOR TO THE SIGN OF THE "BIG BOOT."

my1:n90

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third house above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CANDIDATES.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

COL. JAMES A. GRAY,

Of McClure township, will be a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. ap28:n15

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,

WILLIAM M'CLEAN,

Of Pitt township, (formerly North Fayette, will be a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap10:n6

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,

MAJ. J. F. DENNISTON,

(Formerly of Friend's Rifle Guards) will be a Candidate for COUNTY TREASURER, subject to thedecision of the Union Republican Convention. mh25:w78

FOR PROTHONOTARY.

JACOB H. WALTER,

Will be a Candidate for the office of PROTHONOTARY, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. mh25.v84:d&wT

FOR PROTHONOTARY.

D. C. HULTZ

Will be a candidate for the office of PROTHONOTARY subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. ap2

FOR ASSEMBLY.

WILLIAM B. ROSS,

Of Allegheny City, will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. apis x45

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

JOSEPH B. M'DONALD,

Of the Second Ward, Allegheny City, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. apil3:x12

AUCTION SALES.

THIRTEEN ACRES AND ELEGANT RESIDENCE ON PERRYSVILLE PLANK ROAD.—TUESDAY EVENING, May 28th at 8 o'clock, will be sold, on second floor of Commercial sales Rooms, 106 and 108 Fifth street, Thirteen Acres of Ground and desirable residence in Ross township, about seven miles from the city, on the Perrysville plank road, being that handsome property formerly owned by Dr. McClane, consisting of fifty-two feet front and four acres, with fine bearing orchard of choice varieties of apples and pears, and other ornamental trees of strawberry, graperies; choice fruits, such as peaches, pears, quinces, currants, gooseberries, &c. The house contains nine rooms, parlors, wide hall, dining room and kitchen on first floor, with five rooms and hall above, and a good dry cellar; porches back and front of house; two cisterns, and never-failing well of excellent water. On west side are nine acres of good land in pasture, with excellent stables and carriage house. The whole grounds well and handsomely enclosed.

This handsome and valuable property is most beautifully situated on the finest road leading from the cities, being the most regular grade, and presenting the finest views of any drive in Allegheny county.

TERMS—One-third cash, balance in one and two years, with interest; equired by bond and mortgage.

my21 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

SECOND GRAND AUCTION SALE.—75 BUILDING LOTS, in central addition to Borough of Sharpsburg, MONDAY AFTERNOON, May 27th, at 2 o'clock, on the premises.

This is the well known orchard tract, part of the Negley property, at end of the Sharpsburg bridge, in the Borough of Sharpsburg.

TERMS—One third cash, balance in five equal annual payments, with interest.

Two Free Excursion Trains will leave the Depots of the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, in Allegheny City, and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, Pittsburgh, at the same hour, 1 o'clock p. m., to convey persons, ladies and gentlemen, to and from the sale free.

my23 A. McILWAINE, Auct'r.

AUCTION SALES.

110 Smithfield St., opposite Post Office.

Day and evening sales on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, of Boots, Shoes, Dry Goods, Hosiery, Hardware, Straw Goods, Queensware, Groceries, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, Notions, &c. Private sales on Monday and Wednesday and Friday. Special attention to Furniture sales. Real Estate held on consignment and sold on commission.

J. W. BREEN & CO.,

ap11:x13:T:TH:2 Auctioneers.

PARLOR ORGANS; PANELED WALNUT CASES.—ON THURSDAY MORNING, May 23d, at 10 o'clock, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, two elegant Parlor Organs, 50 octaves, double reed, with knee swell and Tremolo attachment; panneled walnut cases. The instruments are entirely new, and of first quality. Special attention to the sales rooms on Wednesday and morning of sale. Ladies and gentlemen are invited to call.

my21 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT AT AUCTION.—Will be sold on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, May 29th, at 3 o'clock, the Two-story Brick dwelling No. 67 Webster street, opposite Brick dwelling No. 67 Webster street, opposite the Penitentiary, Allegheny City. The lot is 20 by 100 feet, to a 20 feet alley. House contains eight rooms and finished attic. Gas and water throughout.

my24 A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

H. B. MILLER, Bazaar, Livery and SALE STABLES, Auct., Furnishing Undertaker. All kinds of Coffins, &c., at the lowest rates, kept constantly on hand. CANFIELD STREET, between Grandy and Denman streets, Birmingham. Horses, Carriages and new Buggies for hire. Pearson and Carrigers always on hand seats for Funerals. Horses kept at Livery by the day, month or year, and attended to in the best manner. Private families furnished with the safest Horses and most elegant Carriages. Stables kept open all hours of the day and night. my3:y62

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1867.

THE COURTS.

District Court.

Before Hon. Moses Hampton.

In the case of J. P. Wilson vs. J. H. Hopkins and M. D. Madigan, the jury found a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $300.

M. K. Moorhead & Co. vs. Tomlinson, Hartupee & Co. This is a suit growing out of the construction, at this city, of the gunboats "Sandusky" and "Marietta," the defendants being the contractors, and the plaintiffs furnishing the iron, about which the controversy arose. Plaintiffs claim to have furnished a quantity of iron for which payment has been refused, on the ground that it was not of the desired quality, and that delay was caused by the necessity being created of procuring iron from other parties; also, that there were over charges in the plaintiffs' account. The amount involved is about ten thousand dollars. The case occupied the entire session, and was on trial at adjournment.

Common Pleas Court.

Before Hon. Edwin H. Stowe.

William Lindsay vs. Thomas W. Lindsay, George G. Negley, John N. Berlin and James S. Negley. Before reported. This case went to the jury, but no verdict had been rendered at adjournment.

Before Hon. James P. Sterrett.

John Long vs. Burgess and town council of Dunlevy borough. Verdict in favor of plaintiff for $16.50.

Valentine Stier vs. Edward Nau. Plaintiff took a non suit.

Thursday's Trial List.

COMMON PLEAS.

26. G. W. Evans vs. Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Co.
29. James Whitlow vs. James Crawford.
40. John J. Shank et al. vs. J. G. Schultz et al.
43. A. McClintock vs. William Durkham.
49. Henry Meisterfield vs. Frederick Busch.
31. Joseph Hannen vs. Mary Kenney.
31½. Nancy Cuppe vs. Robert Miller's exrs.
52. G. H. Tower vs. E. T. Van Voorhis.
54. Oscar Dilworth vs. Charles Rehshapfarr.
55. American Iron Company vs. James O'Connor.

DISTRICT COURT.

146. Wm. A. McClurg vs. Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R. Co.
42. Pittsburgh Paper Manufacturing Co. vs. Hyster & Co.
46. J. N. McClowry vs. John McCloskey.
47. McClurg & Noble vs. Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Manchester Railway.
1. Jaroslowski, Bro. & Co. vs. M. Simon & Co. et al.
2 Jaroslowski, Bro. & Co. vs. Bradley & Wilson.
57. R. R. Martin vs. John C. Stevens.
60. James Whitlow et ux. vs. James Crawford.

Rebel Flag Story—The Circus.

John Harrison, who claims residence in Waterford, Erie county, appeared before the Mayor Tuesday, in a decidedly much abused condition. He represented that he belonged to Haight & Chambers' circus, now exhibiting in the city, and was employed as a canvassman; that on Monday, one of the employees, Charles Brown, of Memphis, bolsted, by mistake, a rebel flag on the center pole, and ordered Harrison, the complainant, to take it down, as it did not suit in Pittsburgh; Harrison further says that he told Brown he ought to have had better sense than to put up the wrong flag, when Brown called him an ugly name and knocked him down. Following this it appears that Harrison had Brown arrested for assault and battery, for which proceeding, according to Harrison's story, three other circus men, on Tuesday evening, fell upon and beat him, placing him in the pilght in which he appeared at the Mayor's office. Brown was again arrested, and with him other circus attaches, but upon the investigation of the matter a story quite different from that related by Harrison was told, and it is but fair that both sides should be heard, inasmuch as the representations first made were such as to create perhaps serious trouble at the circus. Harrison, it is said, sought employment with the circus, and came with it here from Wheeling upon the promise that he would be given the first vacancy. In his first day's experience in the city he got gloriously drunk, and was sent adrift, not exactly discharged, as he had not been employed, although paid for three days' labor. On Tuesday evening he placed himself under seats occupied by women attending the circus, intending, as he said, to enjoy "sights," but was ejected. He, however, seized the first opportunity to resume his place, and the fact being ascertained by Dr. Chambers, one of the circus proprietors, Charley Brown was directed to thrash Harrison, which he proceeded to do, not offering him any particular violence, however, as Brown maintains, until Harrison drew a knife and attempted to cut him. That Harrison was pretty severely punished, is not denied, but it is claimed that he deserved it for his gross impropriety. Taking the law into one's own hand is justifiable in no sense, and for like exploits according to their own showing, the circus men are culpable. Dr. Chambers took the trouble to show us his alleged rebel flag, which Harrison said was hoisted by Brown. Suffice it to say, that it was not the kind of a flag that we carried, at least that of it sent that met our observation on a number of occasions. We take Dr. Chambers word for it, and he assures us he has no such flag about the establishment.

Malicious Mischief.

About two years ago John Stewart and his wife Jane, at that time residents of Birmingham, separated for some reason or other, and John left his home and family. Some time afterwards he was charged with firing the house where his wife resided, but the indictment against him was quashed on the ground that the wife could not testify. It appears that his hatred for the former partner of his bosom has not subsided with the lapse of years. The other day, as she alleges, he came to her house and commenced pelting it down with stones and brickbats. The wife, therefore, appeared before Alderman Strain, yesterday, and made information, charging him with malicious mischief. A warrant was issued for his arrest and, no doubt, if the facts be as represented, he will pay the full penalty for his conduct.

Run Over a Child.

Patrick Hanley made information yesterday before Alderman McMasters, charging Mike Rafferty with malicious mischief. The parties to the case are residents of Hardscrabble, and some time since, as deponent alleges, Rafferty got on a drunk, and, while driving his cart down one of the streets on the hill, ran over the little daughter of prosecutor. The parties met afterwards and had some talk over the matter, when Mike agreed to pay the doctor's bill and any other expenses that might be incurred by the injury of the child. After the recovery of the little girl, deponent alleges he presented his bill of costs, which Mike refused to pay, and hence he brings suit on the original act of defendant in injuring the child. The accused was arrested and gave bail for a hearing on Saturday next.

The Wrong Man.

Patrick Hanlin appeared before Alderman Taylor, yesterday, and made information against a colored man, an attendant at the Mansion House, for assault and battery. He alleges that the colored man at tacked him and knocked him down. Officer Bell went to the Mansion House in company with the prosecutor, and arrested a colored man, named Joseph Lang, supposed by the prosecutor to be the man who had assaulted him. When brought before the Alderman, the evidence showed clearly that he was not the man who had made the assault, and he was accordingly discharged. The guilty party still remains undiscovered.

False Pretenses.

William Leonard, Jr., a painter of this city, made information yesterday before Alderman McMasters, charging Charles Watson with false pretenses. Leonard alleges that Watson came to him and represented that he was owner of a daguerreotype wagon, and wished him to point the same, which he did; and that when he called for his pay, defendant refused to hand over the amount claimed. He further avers it is his belief that defendant is not owner of the said wagon, and that it was his intention to cheat him out of the amount due him for services rendered in the same. A warrant was issued and placed in the hands of officer Richards for the arrest of accused.

Alleged Defaulting Agent.

J. C. Adams has been prosecuted before Alderman McMasters by A. F. Chatoney, in whose employ he was, as sewing machine agent, for larceny as bailee. It is alleged that about a year since the accused was sent to Ohio to sell sewing machines, being provided with a team and wagon in good condition. During his absence no remittances were received from him, and a few days since he returned in a collapsed condition in regard to funds, and with the horses and wagon decidedly the worse for wear. Hence the suit. The amount fraudulently appropriated is placed at twelve hundred dollars. In default of bail Adams was committed for trial.

Tearing Down Bills.

Officer Brown made information yesterday before Alderman Strain, charging Hugh Fitzpatrick with malicious mischief. It appears that in February last an execution was issued and placed in the hands of the officer to levy on the goods of defendant, which he posted up, as required by law. He alleges that Mr. Fitzpatrick maliciously pulled these down. The defendant was arrested and, in default of three thousand dollars bail, committed to answer at court. This must be the old case revived, as we recollect of seeing Mr. Fitz under arrest on the day the information was made.

A Skiff Race.—On Saturday next, between four and five o'clock, David Martin and Harry Byram, will row a race in skiffs in the Allegheny from the Suspension to the Mechanics street bridge and return, for a wager, the amount of which has not yet been determined. A forfeit of ten dollars has been put up by each party. All bulk oil boats and "gipers" are requested to be kept out of the way. Clear track, fair race and no "fouling."

A Boy Preacher in Wales.—A boy preacher has appeared in Wales, who, according to his admirers, is to extinguish Mr. Spurgeon. This promising youth is Master Enoch Probert, who has just completed his eleventh year. On Easter Sunday he preached to crowded congregations in the Baptist chapel at Glaslestry, Radnor. A local print says of him: "He has a sweet and powerful voice, which he manages well. His delivery is remarkably distinct, and his hearers were astonished at such marvellous truths from a boy of such tender years." After preaching two sermons on the Sunday, Master Probert spoke at length on the following day to the Sunday scholars.

The Adams Express Company has celebrated its twenty-sixth anniversary, whereupon the Boston *Journal* says: "The receipts of their first day's work were $8.87. Since then the company has flourished and prospered. The senior, Mr. Alvin Adams, though not yet a veteran in years, is known as one of the fathers of a business which now extends from Hoarl's Content in the East to the Golden Gate in the West, and gives employment to thousands. Mr. Adams still retains a general supervision of the Boston office, but the details of the business are managed by his competent sons, Messrs. Waldo Adams and E. L. Adams."

Hit by a Bridge.—Wm. King, freight train conductor on the Panhandle Railroad, on Tuesday morning, while standing on the top of a car, was struck by bridge No. 4, near Skelly's Station, and severely injured about the head and face. He was taken to Steubenville for medical attendance.

A bell has been presented by A. Fulton, Esq., to the Episcopal congregation of East Liberty.

☞ **Additional Local Matters on First Page.**

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW STYLES!

AND

GREATER BARGAINS!

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE POPULAR

SHOE PALACE EMPORIUM,

THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE WORLD!

Nos. 26 and 28 Fifth St.

W. B. CLAPP & CO.

my23:n0

COLGATE & CO.'S GERMAN

ERASIVE SOAP

Is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD TOILET ARTICLE. For sale by all Grocers. my22:w2

RAMALEY

HAS JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEW STYLES

OF

HATS AND CAPS,

For SPRING, and will sell at

20 Per Cent. Less Than Down Town Prices.

We sell our BEST SILK and CASSIMERE HATS, at ONE DOLLAR LOWER than any other House in the City.

Call and Be Convinced.

334 Liberty Street.

FIRST DOOR BELOW HIS

CLOTHING EMPORIUM.

mh2:v8

RAMALEY

Has Just Opened

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE

SPRING CLOTHING,

AND

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

Embracing all the

NEW STYLES IN THE MARKET,

Which will be offered at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES from last season.

Fine Spring Overcoats,	as Low as	$10.00
" Cassimere Business Suits	" " "	$15.00
" Cloth Dress Suits	" " "	$25.00

Agents for A. S. Cameron & Co.'s

STEAM PUMPS

AND

BLOWER ENGINES,

These Pumps have superior advantages over all others, and every one warranted to give satisfaction. Pumps constantly on hand. fe25:n10

HERLEBY & JOHNSON,

PRACTICAL

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters,

FIFTH STREET EXTENSION,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

All orders by mail executed satisfactorily and promptly attended to.

A full line of Bath Tubs, Pumps, Basins, Water Closets, Sinks, Chandeliers, Pendants, and Gas Shades for sale at the most reasonable prices.

Orders from country patrons by mail promptly attended to.

Gas Fitting of every description. je2:n193

☞ **THE GRAVEST MALADIES** OF YOUTH AND EARLIEST MANHOOD.—HOWARD ASSOCIATION ESSAYS, on the Physiology of Young Men, in Essays of the Howard Association, on the Physiological Errors, Abuses and Diseases induced by Ignorance of Nature's Laws, in the first page of each. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. myl7:n61:tf

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☞ **QUINCY A. SCOTT,**

DENTIST,

NO. 258 PENN STREET,

mh26:v92 PITTSBURGH.

PLUMBING, GAS FITTING.

PLUMBING,

Gas and Steam Fitting,

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

Carefully attended to by experienced and practical workmen. A fine assortment of

GAS FIXTURES, SINKS, BATH TUBS.

SHOWER BATHS, HYDRANTS,
WATER CLOSETS,

Constantly on hand and made to order.

JOHN M. TATE,

No. 59 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny,

And 447 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh.

myl5 WSU:TU:TH:3

JOHN M. COOPER.....JOS. KAYE.....HENRY BIRD.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

Steam and Gas Fitters,

Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK, of every description, and GAS AND STEAM FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.

Corner of Pike and Walnut Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

my15:n30

COLL & MILLS,

PRACTICAL PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

No. 556 Penn Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Cistern and Well Pumps of all kinds. Houses fitted up with Gas and Water, in the most approved style, by experienced workmen.

Special attention paid to country work.

my9:y31

F. L. ATWOOD. BENSON JONES. J. M'CAFFREY.

ATWOOD & M'CAFFREY,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

STEAM AND GAS FITTERS,

Cor. of 3rd and Liberty Streets.

Above Carroll & Snyder's, Pittsburgh, Penna.

Steam and Heavy Casting furnished promptly to order.

Special attention paid to the fitting out and repairing of Oil Refineries, Steamboats, Rolling Mills, &c., &c.

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Gas Fitting of every description. je2:n193

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **SOMETHING NEW.—CALL** and examine the new

SILVER-TIPPED SHOES.

They will wear twice as long as those without tips. Kept only by

WM. F. SCHMERTZ,

my15:n58 No. 34 Fifth st., Pittsburgh.

☞ **A CARD TO INVALIDS.**

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, FREE OF CHARGE. Please enclose a post-paid envelope addressed to yourself.

Address JOSEPH T. INMAN.

de20:y21 Station D, Bible House, N. Y. City.

☞ **WM. BARNHILL & CO.,**

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boiler Tubes, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridge, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. je8:eo1

☞ **ROBINSON, REA & CO.,**

(Succes ors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery Screwing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office: No. 12 corner First and Smithfield Sts.

☞ Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. ja15:n12

☞ **LAKE SUPERIOR**

COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS.

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PARK, M'CURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also importers and Dealers in Tin Plates, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 120 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14:m34:d&wT

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Carefully attended to by experienced and practical workmen. A fine assortment of

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SHOWER BATHS, HYDRANTS,
WATER CLOSETS,

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myl5 WSU:TU:TH:3

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PRACTICAL PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

No. 556 Penn Street,

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Cistern and Well Pumps of all kinds. Houses fitted up with Gas and Water, in the most approved style, by experienced workmen.

Special attention paid to country work.

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Above Carroll & Snyder's, Pittsburgh, Penna.

Steam and Heavy Casting furnished promptly to order.

Special attention paid to the fitting out and repairing of Oil Refineries, Steamboats, Rolling Mills, &c., &c.

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Gas Fitting of every description. je2:n193

E. EDMUNDSON & CO.

mh30:w27

Pittsburgh Importing House.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,

IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN

WINES AND LIQUORS,

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Would direct the attention of the public to the fact that, possessing superior facilities through several large wine and liquor houses in Europe, and making their importations direct, they are enabled to offer the various grades of choice Wines and Liquors at prices less than Eastern rates. Examination of qualities and comparison of prices respectfully solicited.

A choice assortment of PURE OLD RYE WHISKEY constantly on hand. ap29:x88

J. S. MORRISON.....D. M. BARE. ISAAC ROWERS. F. CAUFMAN.....JACOB EBY.

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Manufacturers of all kinds of

BOOK AND PRINT PAPER.

Orders promptly filled.

Address, **SPANG'S MILLS,**

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☞ Highest cash price paid for rags.

FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH.

—One double-flued Boiler, 30 inches diameter, 20 feet long, almost new; one double-flued Boiler, 32 inches in diameter, 14 feet long, almost new; one Portable Boiler, 3 inch flues, very good, 12 horse power, several new and second-hand Engines, on iron frames, from 9 inch bore, 20 inch stroke, to 17 inch cylinder, 6 feet stroke. Enquire at the Industrial Works.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

myll Near the Point, Pittsburgh, Pa.

COMMISS'N MERCHANTS.

HAVING SOLD OUR ENTIRE interest in the Wholesale Grocery, Produce and Commission Business to Messrs. RUTLEDGE, PERRY & CO., who will continue the same at the old stand, No. 345 LIBERTY ST., we would ask for them a continuation of the patronage so liberally bestowed on us.

COOK BROTHERS & CO.

Pittsburgh, April, 1867.

RUTLEDGE, PERRY & CO.,

Successors to COOK BROTHERS & CO.,

No. 345 LIBERTY STREET,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS.

Consignments of all kinds of Produce respectfully solicited, and prompt returns guaranteed.

ap27:n93

F. SELLERS.....R. OWENS.....J. L. DUNSEATH.

F. SELLERS & CO.,

PORK PACKERS,

And Manufacturers of

LARD OIL;

New Bacon, Beef and Tongues

Will be ready for delivery on Monday, 24th inst.,

Choice Sugar-Cured Hams;			
Do	do	do	Beef;
Do	do	do	Beef Tongues;
Do	do	do	Breakfast Bacon;
Plain Cured Bacon Shoulders;			
Do	do	do	Sides.

At reduced prices and of excellent quality. From this date we shall be regularly supplied with all articles in the Provision trade.

Ja10:re8

BREWER BURKE & CO.,

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AGENTS FOR THE

Pacific, Globe & Liberty Oil Works,

Ample Storage for Crude and Refined Oil. Liberal cash advances made on consignments of Crude or Refined Petroleum. Yards for storage and shipment of Crude Oil at Lawrenceville. Office and Warehouse, Corner of Duquesne Way and Hancock street, Pittsburgh. my16:a2

ROBERT KNOX, Jr.,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

And dealer in

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE,

Office, 413 LIBERTY ST., Pittsburgh.

L. J. BLANCHARD & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS,

396 Penn Street.

ap18:x59

PETER KEIL..... JAS. F. RITCHART.

KEIL & RITCHART,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Flour, Grain, Seeds, Mill Feed, &c.

349 LIBERTY STREET,

my24:n87 PITTSBURGH, PA.

BROWERS..... J. KENNEDY

OWENS & KENNEDY,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS and Wholesale Dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS, SALT, FLOUR, BUTTER, EGGS, &c., and PRODUCE generally, No. 76 FEDERAL STREET, opposite the Diamond Depot, ALLEGHENY, Pa.

Agents for the sale of T. Hiles's Buffalo Mill & Kilman's and J. Karn's Salt. ap16:y52

FETZER & ARMSTRONG,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

for the sale of Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Dried Fruit, and Produce generally, No. 10 Water street, corner of First, Pittsburgh, Pa. fe22:n38

ROBT. KNOX..... ANDREW KNOX

R. KNOX & SON, Commission

Merchants and Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, MILL FEED and PRODUCE generally, No. 79 Diamond, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City. jal 7:n78

DAV. CRAWFORD, Commission MERCHANT in PIG METAL, BLOOMS, BARS, SLABS, CASTINGS, FIRE BRICK and CLAY, &c. Warehouse and Office, Nos. 36 & 38 PENN STREET. Storage furnished. Consignments solicited. oct

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ALEX. ROSS. JOHN ROSS.

M'CABE & ROSS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, and PRODUCE, Second street, between Wood and Market, Pittsburgh. apl0:y

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LITTLE, BAIRD & PARTON,

Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Salt, Carbon and Lard Oils, Rope, Twine, Cotton Yarns and all P

PH. R. MERTZ,
Banker and Broker,
118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.
All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.
London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.
Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

ALL SIZES 7 3-10 BONDS
Converted into 5-20's, 1865,
BONDS DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.
JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,
Bankers,
Cor. Fourth & Wood Streets.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.
Having made special arrangements with **Jay Cooke & Co.**, Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865, Without charge.
Bonds on Hand for Delivery.
IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
Bankers.
CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.
mh14:v38

SELL YOUR 7-30's
AND
BUY 5-20'S.
Holders of SEVEN THIRTIES will find an advantage of OVER ¼ OF ONE PER CENT. by converting on this plan.
IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
BANKERS,
COR. 4TH & SMITHFIELD STREETS.
ap24:v37

7-30 BONDS
CONVERTED INTO
5-20 BONDS, 1865,
WITHOUT CHARGE.
Stocks bought and sold on commission in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.
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No. 78 FOURTH STREET.

FINANCE AND TRADE,

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, May 22, 1867.

The New York money quotations to-day, as reported by Ph. R. Mertz, were as follows: Gold, 138¼; Eighty-one bonds, 111¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 109¾; Five Twenties, 1864, 105¼; Five Twenties, 1865, 106¾; 5-20s, Consols, 108; Seven Thirties, first issue, 106¼; do, second and third issues, 105¾; Ten Forties, 99¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad, 74; Fort Wayne & Chicago, 96; Erie, 62¾; Chicago and North Western, 34¾; Chicago and North Western prefrd, 59¾; Chicago and Rock Island, 89; New York Central, 98¼; Reading, 94; Michigan Southern, 84.

In the face of the heavy shipments of coin to Europe, gold advanced to-day to 138¾, with a prospect for a higher quotation for the Saturday's steamers. Most of the cotton bills have to be covered by gold shipments, since there is nothing now to remit to cover drafts. Nevertheless, a higher quotation for our bonds in Europe and a market there for our consols would bring down the premium from three to four per cent., and greatly disappoint the forty per cent. holders of round lots of specie. National gold-bearing securities, in sympathy with the advance in gold, are dull and lower.

Railroad shares are dull but steady; transactions are light and confined to brokers in adjusting differences between nominal sales. The freight business on all the Western through routes is falling off considerably, and the local money market works easier on first-class paper; long paper is unsaleable at any rate. Bank and Insurance stocks are difficult to negotiate at short notice and former rates.

Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co:

U. S. Sixes 1881	113¾
5-20's "	109¾
" 1864	105¾
" 1865	106¾
U. S. Ten-Forties	99¾
Consols	108
August Seven-thirties	106¾
June "	105¾
July "	105¾
Dec., Compounds, 1864	116¾
Gold	138¾
Silver	132¾

Upon the authority of the New York *Financial Chronicle* it would appear that no small disquietude prevails in financial circles in consequence of the claim which (as in the case of the late New Orleans and other disgraceful National bank frauds,) the officers of the Treasury have tried to make good relations with the government depositaries. It is claimed that when a bank fails, having in its possession money belonging to the National Treasury, this money must be paid in full before any other debts are satisfied. If there is only enough to pay the government, the government takes all there is, and leaves the private depositors without a dollar. If there is a surplus the private depositors will receive it. This view of the comparative claims of the government and the public over the assets of a broken bank is the one which, if we are not misinformed, has not only been advanced but enforced. Hence the first telegrams of any new bank failure assure us that "the government will lose nothing and the circulation is secure." The satisfaction upon which government officials proceed in giving precedence to government claims in cases of failure is based upon a quibble, an old law to that effect and specifically, the section of the banking law which provides for the government first. The great objection for the community, however, in this connection, is, as the *Financial Chronicle* puts it, "whether a bank possessing influence enough to obtain heavy government deposits should be allowed to use those deposits in fomenting speculation in stocks, in gold, in provisions, in breadstuffs, in robbing the poor by high prices of the necessaries of life, and in ruining commerce by deranging the markets for the commodities of trade; and whether after all, the losses, when the speculative bank succumbs, shall fall on the depositors—on the very public who have been the sufferers from the speculations themselves?"

—The recent failures of banks at New Orleans, and the probable loss by the Government through its Sub-Treasury there, still provokes considerable newspaper animadversion. The facts of the case since we come to light. It is now alleged by the friends of Mr. Whitaker, the Assistant Treasurer, that when he took the office he found on hand $400,000 of the certificates of deposit of the First National Bank, which amount the bank owed the Sub-Treasury. This was about eight months ago, and as Mr. May, the then retiring Sub-Treasurer and President of the bank, became Mr. Whitaker's surety, it was thought that the matter would be all satisfactorily arranged, but the indebtedness of the bank increased instead of diminishing, until it reached the aggregate of $1,100,000. The bank's certificates were changed to Mr. May's notes, and then to his drafts on the North, which were never forwarded for collection. Mr. Whitaker and his friends assert that with prudent management every dollar can be recovered. The question "prudent management" is a term ominous of a different result, though the best is hoped for. The special agents of the Government are still in charge of both Sub-Treasury and bank, and seem determined to save what they have in hand, if no more.—*Phila. Ledger.*

—A day or two ago we published an item, clipped from the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, relative to the Pittsburgh & Fort Wayne Railroad. We have since been informed that the article in question does a great injustice to the management of the road; that title to the management of the road; that the trains never made better time than at present, and that the proposed issue of new stock is to build a new depot in this city, and to furnish additional equipment to meet the growing business of the road. The Directors have preferred to issue new stock to the above amount rather than take the funds required from the treasury—thus allowing all the net earnings to go to the payment of dividends. The attack of the *Inquirer* on this road is uncalled for and the facts would warrant it. Accidents occur no more frequently on this road than any other roads; and in the West we hear of no complaints about missing the connections or other delays. The article in question was either written with a desire to bear the stock or else in malice—or probably both. *Chicago Tribune.*

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, May 22.—There is little doing in Beef cattle, at $7@9 for fair to extra choice steers. Hogs active, at $6.25@6.75 for fair to good smooth. Sheep moderately active and unchanged.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 138¾.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 22, 1867.

GOLD AND MONEY.

Money quite easy, with a large supply, at 5@6 on call. Sterling firm at 9¾@9¾. Gold decidedly higher, opening at 138, declining to 137¾, closing at 138¾. The steamer Palmyra to-day took $440,000. The Cotton market is much depressed by the failure of Frazer, Trenholm & Co. Prices continue to decline. The house is known, however, to possess large assets in vessels and real estate South, and there seems good reason to hope it will ultimately liquidate all its indebtedness.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments opened decidedly firmer and closed quiet and firm. Coupons of '62, 109¾@109¾; registered do, 106¾; Coupons of '64, 106¾@106; do of '65, 106¾; Ten-forties, 99¾@99¾; August Seven-thirties, 106¾@106¾.

RAILWAYS.

Railway market dull and heavy throughout the day, with the exception of a slight rally in the morning.

CLOSING PRICES.

5:30 P. M.—Gold, 138¾; Ohio Certificates, 25 @26¾; Canton, 42¾@43; Cumberland, 30@31; Quicksilver, 25¾@26¾; Mariposa, 6¾@7¾; do. preferred, 18¾@19; Western Union Telegraph, 42¾@43; Pacific Mail, 141@141¾; Atlantic, 103@104; New York Central, 97¾@98; Erie, 61¾@61¾; do. preferred, 71¾@72; Hudson, 101¾@102; Reading, 103¾@103¾; Michigan Central, 109¼@110; Michigan Southern, 67¾@67¾; Illinois Central, 115¾@116; Pittsburgh, 78¼@78½; Toledo, 112¾@113¾; Rock Island, 89¾@90; Northwestern, 34@34¼; do. preferred, 59@60.

BORDER, STEAMSHIP, COAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Border State bonds quiet at 96¾. Steamship shares firmer and lower, although steady. Coal and Miscellaneous dull and unchanged.

MINING.

Mining shares quiet. Corydon 26¾. Sensenderfer, 110. Quartz Hill, 26. Gregory, 705.

SUB-TREASURY.

The receipts of the Sub-Treasury are $32,211,198; payments, $503,012. The receipts include for customs, $284,000; and gold notes, $124,000.

The *Express* says the latest rumor on the streets is, that one of the city banks will fail to-morrow.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, May 22.—Cotton unsettled and easier; sales of 2,000 bales low middling at 24¼@25¼; receipts 291, exports 1,161 bales. Sugar; choice 13¾@13¾; Cuba 12¾@12¾. Molasses; no sales, nominally 72c for prime. Flour dull and depressed; superfine $12@14. Corn steady and firm; mixed yellow $1.10@1.20; white $1.25@1.27½. Oats unchanged. Lard dull and unchanged. Pork quiet at $24.12½@24.37. Bacon in fair jobbing demand; Shoulders 9½c, ribbed Sides 12½c, clear do. 13½c; sold 137½ pieces. Sterling 47@52. New York sight Exchange ½@¾ discount.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 22.—There is only a very limited enquiry for any class of dry goods. Standard fabrics remain firm, but selling so low that Atlantic and Pacific have been withdrawn from sale or held at an advance when trade seeks reluctantly to pay, and goods keep selling at 17½@18. Indian Head sell at 18, while Lawrence brings 17 and Roxbury 16. Commodities are in limited request at 29@37½, the latter for New York mills. Prints and bleached muslins are in limited demand and prices are without important change.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, May 22.—Coffee; prime Rio scarce and firm, at 18¾@19c, in gold, for medium grades. The supply of flour is dull, and in favor of buyers, but not quotably lower; the government took 800 bbls yesterday. Wheat, no sales. Corn declining; for good to prime white, 84@84½; yellow, 83; mixed western, $1.05@1.10. Oats, 80@82c. Provisions firm and unchanged. Whisky, firm at 30c; bonded sales. Sugar firm, at 16½@17c, fair to good refining.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, May 22.—Flour dull for city trade, but there is a fair demand for spring for the Eastern market; 500 bbls. spring at $14.50. Wheat steady; sales of 500 bbls white Canada, at $2.30; 1,000 bbls Chicago at $2.20 for No. 2 Milwaukee. Corn unsettled, buyers holding off; sales 4,000 bush No. 2 western. Oats quiet; sales 25,000 bush western at 72c, and 5,000 bush. Ohio, at 80c. Barley dull. Mess pork unchanged. Seeds a shade firmer. Highwines unchanged.

San Francisco Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 20.—The mining share market is active, and the leading stocks are advancing. Savage sold to-day at 35.00, the highest point reached for a long time. Caribou sold at 25@26c. Flour firm; sales of superfine at $6, and extra at $7. Wheat quiet, at $2@2.15. Legal tenders, 71.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.—Flour—sales 12,000 bbls northwestern extra, at $14.50. Wheat quiet; sales 1,000 Penna. red, at $2.28; white $2.60. Rye quiet, at 125c. Corn firm; sales of 1,800 bu at $1.22 for yellow; $1.15 for mixed western. Oats less active, at 82c. Whisky nothing doing.

Memphis Market.

[By Teleg aph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, May 22.—Business is almost entirely suspended, in consequence of the tournament. Cotton is dull at 22½@23c. Corn $1.25@1.30. Oats 95c per bu. Hay dull and lower at $25@26.00. Bacon, clear sides, 13½c. Pork $23.50.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, May 22—100 bbls flour, B Floyd & Co; 36 sks do do; 40 do oats, Hussey, Wells & Co; 30 bbls do, 5 sks do, 2 sks do, Wilson, Watt & Co; 40 bxs starch, Graff & Bro; 29 bbls handles, J Graff & Son; 100 bbls vinegar, Dilworth, Richardson & Co